(PLC part: Difference comparing with Mitsubishi FX3GS)

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#### 1. Overview

#### 1.1. MX3G PLC HMI All in one Main Advantage:

◆PLC programming software is compatible with GX Developer8.86/GX Works2

(supports Ladder diagram and SFC language, does not support structured programming/labels).

HMI uses TP HMI's programming software TPWorks.

- ◆Powerful, compatible with FX3S PLC, high processing speed.
- ◆Military level 32 bit CPU adopted, which is faster and more adapted to industrial environment of high electromagnetic interference.
- ◆Special encryption, prevent illegal reading thoroughly. 8-bit encryption, 12345678 as password can thoroughly prevent reading of ladder logic program.
- ◆ Default with 1 HMI download port and two PLC programming ports (RS232/Type-C).
- ◆The PLC of the MX3G-70C all-in-one machine comes with 1 RS485; the HMI comes with 1 RS232, which can be changed to 1 RS485; the PLC of the MX3G-43C all-in-one machine comes with 1 RS485; the HMI comes with 1 RS232. They are used for external HMI and inverters and other equipment.
- ◆Support Mitsubishi programming port protocol/MODBUS protocol/RS protocol, easily realize PLC interconnection and communication with external equipment.
- ◆High-speed counting conventional 2 single-phase 60KHz + 4 10KHz or 1 AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 AB (Z) phase 5KHz; high-speed pulse conventional 4 channels: For 70C, Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 50KHz; For 43C, Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz; high-speed counting + high-speed pulse total transmission cannot exceed 300KHz; acceleration and deceleration are independent.

- ◆Support multiple types analog individually or mixed ones for analog output and input. MX3G-70C is up 9AD2DA, MX3G-43C is up to 5AD2DA. The precision of analog input and output is 12 bits.
- ◆MX3G-70C is up to 24DI/24DO (MR: 12 at most), digital output can be optional transistor MT (maximum load 500mA) or relay and transistor mixed output MRT. MX3G-43C is up to 12DI/10DO (MR: 8 at most), digital output optional transistor MT (Max load: 500mA) or relay and transistor mixed output MRT.
- ◆Convenient wiring. All wiring terminals adopt 3.81 pitch pluggable terminals, which is convenient for customers to use.
- ◆Flexible, more specifications and batches can be customized according to customer requirements.

# 1.2. Product parameters

Model	MX3G-43C-22M	MX3G-70C-48M		
In		FEBRUARY CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		
Image				
Dimensions	134*102*34mm	210*146*36mm		
Cutout size	120*94mm	192*138mm		
Power	4-6W	6-7W		
consumption	4-0W	0-7 W		
	НМІ			
Feature	60K colors resistive touch	screen, supports portrait display		
Туре	4.3"TFT	7.0"TFT		
Display size	97*56mm	154*87mm		
Resolution	490*272	900*490/1024*600		
(pixels)	480*272 800*480/1024*600			
RAM	64MB			
ROM	NOR Flash 8MB NOR Flash 16MB			
CPU	32bit CPU 408MHz			
СОМ		be downloaded through the USB penetrating function of HMI		
	1 RS2	32 on HMI		
Software	TPWorks	s HMI software		
	PLC			
I/O	Max 12DI 10DO (2T8R)	Max 24DI 24DO (12T12R)		
	43C Y0, Y1 and 70C Y0-Y13 fixed MT output, DC	C24V active NPN output;		
I/O level	Other output MT: low level NPN, COM connected to negative;			
I/O level	Output MR: normally open dry contact;			
	Input: Passive NPN, common terminal isolation			
	Transistor MT/Mixed output MRT	Transistor MT/Mixed output MRT		
	The first 2 channels Y0-Y1 are fixed as MT, and	The first 12 channels Y0-Y13 are fixed as MT, and		
DO type and	the output load is 0.1A/point;	the output load is 0.1A/point;		
load	MT: 0.5A/point, 0.8A/4point COM;	MT: 0.5A/point, 0.8A/4-point COM, 1.6A/8-point		
		COM;		
	MR: 2A/point, 4A/4 points COM.  MR: 2A/point, 4A/4-point COM, 5A/8-point COI			
High-speed	Conventional 2-channel single-phase 60KHz+4 of	channels 10KHz or 1 channel AB(Z) phase 30KHz +1		
counting	channel AB(	(Z) phase 5KHz		
High-speed	MT output conventional 4 channels Y0-Y1 is	Conventional 4-channel Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3		
pulse	100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz;	is 50KHz;		
Paise	High-speed counting + high-speed pulse total	High-speed counting + high-speed pulse total		

		transmission cannot exceed 300KHz	transmission cannot exceed 300KHz	
	Input Comes with 2 channels of voltage 0-1		V+2 channels of current 0-20mA+1 channel NTC10K	
Anal og	Output	Comes with 1 voltage 0-10V + 1 current 0-20MA output	Comes with 2 current 0-20MA outputs	
	Analog I/O	5.F	AI 2AO	
C	OM	Comes with two PLC programming ports (1 TYPE	E-C, faster download speed; 1 RS232 programming port)	
	OWI	Comes with 1 RS485		
Sof	tware	Compatible with PLC programming software GX Developer8.86Q And		
301	iwaie	GX Works2		
		Customization conditions: 200 sets and above can be customized		
		①HMI needs to store historical data, you can	①HMI needs to store historical data, you can	
		customize ferroelectric	customize ferroelectric	
cust	omize	②PLC can customize 4-way EKSTJ type	②HMI can be customized with a RS485 (cannot	
		thermocouple (support negative temperature)	coexist with the built-in RS232)	
		(Note: Thermocouple and its own current and	③PLC can customize 4-way EKSTJ type	
		voltage cannot coexist)	thermocouple (support negative temperature)	
Suggested models:MX3G-43C-22MT/22MRT-5AD2DA-232H/485P				
MX3G-70C-48MT/48MRT-5AD2DA-232H/485P;				

#### 1.3. Hardware description

#### 1.3.1. MX3G-43C structure and size

PLC running indicator Communication indicator Power indicator



#### T0+ T0-T1+ AD0(T1-) AD1(T2+) AD3(T2-) AD3(T3+) GND GND DA0 DA0 DA1 B

X13 X12 X11 X10 X07 X06 X05 X04 X03 X02 X01 X00 S/S



Y11 Y10 Y07 Y06 COM1 Y05 Y04 Y03 Y02 COM0 Y01 Y00 Y24V

●Dimensions (mm): 134\*102\*34

●Cutout size (mm): 120\*94

●Display size (mm): 97\*56

•Installation method: Clip installation

#### 1.3.2. MX3G-70C structure and size

X27 X26

X06

X04

X03

X02 X01 X00

S/S

PLC running indicator Communication indicator Power indicator





Y10 Y11 Y12 Y13 Y24V . Y14 Y15 Y16 Y17 COM0 . . Y20 Y21 Y22 Y23 COM1 . . Y24 Y25 Y26 Y27 COM2

●Dimensions (mm):210\*146\*36

●Cutout size (mm): 192\*138

●Display size (mm): 154\*87

●Installation method: Clip installation

#### 1.3.3. Introduction of each interface and indicator

POWER: Power indicator, connected to the power light

RUN: PLC running status indicator. This light is on when the PLC is running.

COM: touch screen and PLC communication status indicator, when the two communicate, the light is on

Power terminal: The positive and negative terminals of the DC24V switching power supply are respectively connected to the DC24V and 0V of the power supply terminal.

PLC programming port: two PLC programming ports (Type-C and RS232),
PLC program can be downloaded through 232 programming line or USB cable
download

Touch screen programming port: download touch screen configuration program

For other hardware information, refer to "MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one User Manual"

#### 2. PLC

#### 2.1. PLC Programming notice

The PLC is compatible with GX Developer8.86/GX Works2 and below. If you use other versions of software, incompatibility may occur.

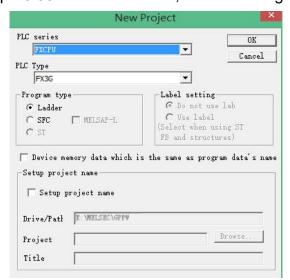
When the PLC program is downloaded, there is a prompt error: Cannot specify the com port,

GX 8.86 software: Online-Transfer settings change com port;

Works 2: All targets-Change the com port in all connected targets;

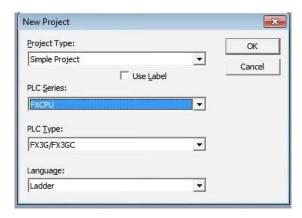
If there is a communication abnormality, cable abnormality and other prompts, remove it by cutting off the power, checking the cable, checking whether the power supply is normal, or replacing the computer.

In the GX Developer8.86 software version, choose the figure:



In the Works 2 software version, choose the figure: (Note: the label is forbidden)

MX3G PLC HMI All in one Programming manual



# 2.2. Soft element table

Name	Contents			
I/O relay				
Input relay	X000~X027	24 points	Soft element number is octal	
Output relay	Y000~Y027	24 points	Total 48 points for I/O	
Auxiliary relay				
General	M0∼M383	384 points		
EEPROM hold	M384~M511	128 points		
General	M512~M1535	1024 points		
Special	M8000~M8511	512 points		
Status				
Initial state (EEPROM hold)	S0~S9	10 points		
EEPROM hold	S10~S127	118 points		
General	S128~S255	128 points		
Timer (ON delay timer)				
100ms	T0~T31	32 points	0.1~3,276.7s	
100ms/10ms <sup>**1</sup>	T32~T62	31 points	$0.1\sim3,276.7\text{s}/0.01\sim327.67\text{s}$ After M8028 is turned ON, T32 $\sim$ T62 can be changed into 10ms timer	
1ms	T63~T127	65 points	0.001~32.767s	
1ms accumulative (EEPROM hold)	T128~T131	4 points	0.001~32.767s	
100ms accumulative (EEPROM hold)	T132~T137	6 points	0.1~3,276.7s	
Counter				
General up counter (16bit)	C0~C15	16 points	0~32,767 counter	
EEPROM hold up counter (16 bit)	C16~C31	16 points	0~32,767 counter	

General bi-direction (32	C200~C234	35 points	-2,147,483,648 ~ +2,147,483,647		
bit)			counter		
High-speed counter					
Single-phase single counter input Bi-direction (32 bit) (EEPROM hold)	C235~C245	-2,147,483,648~+2,147,483,647 counter Software counter Single phase: up to 6 channels, maxim			
Single-phase double counter input Bi-direction (32 bit) (EEPROM hold)	C246~C250	_	se: 1 times frequency: at most 2 frequency 30KHz 4 times frequency: at most 2		
Double –phase double counter input Bi-direction (32 bit)(EEPROM hold)	C251~C253	channels, Max frequency 24kHz  M8198 is the 4 times frequency sign of C251  M8199 is the 4 times frequency sign of C253			
Data register(32 bit when using in pair)					
General(16bit)	D0~D127 D256~D999	872 points			
EEPROM hold (16 bit)	D128~D255 D1000~D3999	3128 points			
General(16bit)	D256~D2999	2744 points			
Special (16 bit)	D8000~D8511	512 points			
Index (16 bit)	V0~V7,Z0~Z7	16 points			
Pointer					
JUMP,CALL branch	P0~P255	256 points	CJ instruct、CALL instruct		
Input interrupt	I0□□~I5□□	6 points			
Timer interrupt	I6□□~I8□□	3 points			
Nest					
Master control	N0~N7	8points	MC instruct		
Constant					
Desimal (V)	16 bit	-32,768~+32	2,767		
Decimal (K)	32 bit	-2,147,483,64	48~+2,147,483,647		
Hovadooimal (H)	16 bit	$0000{\sim}$ FFFF			
Hexadecimal (H)	32 bit	00000000~F	FFFFFFF		
Real number(E)	32 bit		-1.0×2-126,0,1.0×2-126~1.0×2128 form of a decimal point and index		

<sup>\*1:</sup> The 10ms timer will be affected by the scan cycle. If the scan period is 12ms, the

timer becomes 12ms and is executed once.

# 2.3. Special relay number and content

No.	Content	Remarks	No.	Content	Remarks
M8000	In RUN, Normally closed		M8220	C220 Increase/decrease	
1110000	in rear of torniary crosses		1,10220	counting action	_
M8001	In RUN, Normally open		M8221	C221 Increase/decrease	
1410001	in rest, tormany open		10221	counting action	
M8002	After RUN, Output a scan		M8222	C222 Increase/decrease	
1410002	cycle ON		10222	counting action	_
M8003	After RUN, Output a scan		M8223	C223 Increase/decrease	
1410003	cycle OFF		10223	counting action	
M8011	Oscillating in 10ms cycle		M8224	C224 Increase/decrease	ON:
1410011	osemating in roms eyele		10221	counting action	decrease
M8012	Oscillating in 100ms		M8225	C225 Increase/decrease	action
1410012	cycle		10223	counting action	OFF:
M8013	Oscillating in 1s cycle		M8226	C226 Increase/decrease	increase
1110013	osemating in 15 cycle		10220	counting action	action
M8014	Oscillating in 1min cycle		M8227	C227 Increase/decrease	
1410011	Osemating in Timir Cycle		10227	counting action	
M8020	Zero flag		M8228	Handwheel function	
1410020	Zero nag		10220	enablement	
M8021	Borrowing flag		M8229	C229 Increase/decrease	
1110021	Borrowing mag		1022	counting action	
M8022	Carry flag		M8230	C230 Increase/decrease	
1410022	curry mag		10230	counting action	
M8024	Specify BMOV direction		M8231	C231 Increase/decrease	
1110021	speeny Bivie v uncerion		10231	counting action	
M8028	During instruction		M8232	C232 Increase/decrease	
1410020	execution,allow interrupt		10232	counting action	
M8029	Instruction execution end		M8233	C233 Increase/decrease	ON:
1410027	flag		10233	counting action	decrease
M8031	Non-retentive memory is		M8234	C234 Increase/decrease	action
1410031	cleared		1710234	counting action	OFF:
M8032	Retentive memory is		M8235	C235 Increase/decrease	increase
1410032	cleared		1010233	counting action	action
M8033	Memory retention stop		M8236	C236 Increase/decrease	
1010033	wiemory retenuon stop		1010230	counting action	
M8034	Prohibit all output		M8237	C237 Increase/decrease	
1010034	Prohibit all output		101023/	counting action	]
M8035	Forced RUN mode		M8238	C238 Increase/decrease	

			counting action	
M8036	Force RUN command	M8239	C239 Increase/decrease	
W18030	Force RUN command	1018239	counting action	
N 40027	E CTOD 1	M9240	C240 Increase/decrease	
M8037	Force STOP command	M8240	counting action	
2.500.45	Prohibit reset of all	2 (00 44	C241 Increase/decrease	
M8045	outputs	M8241	counting action	
			C242 Increase/decrease	
M8046	STL state action	M8242	counting action	
			C243 Increase/decrease	
M8047	STL effective control	M8243	counting action	
			C244 Increase/decrease	
M8048	Signal alarm action	M8244	counting action	
			C245 Increase/decrease	
M8049	Signal alarm is effective	M8245		ON:
	Input interrupt (I00 is		C246 Increase/decrease	
M8050	prohibited)	M8246		action
	Input interrupt (I10 is		C247 Increase/decrease	
M8051	prohibited)	M8247		increase
	,		T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	action
M8052	Input interrupt (I20 is	M8248	62 10 Merease, accrease	action
	prohibited)		counting action	
M8053	Input interrupt (I30 is	M8249	C249 Increase/decrease	
	prohibited)		counting action	
M8054	Input interrupt (I40 is	M8250	C250 Increase/decrease	
	prohibited)		counting action	
M8055	Input interrupt (I50 is	M8251	C251 Increase/decrease	
	prohibited)		counting action	
M8056	Timer interrupt (I6 is	M8252	C252 Increase/decrease	
1410030	prohibited)	1410232	counting action	
M8057	Timer interrupt (I7 is	M8253	C253 Increase/decrease	
1410037	prohibited)	1010233	counting action	
M8058	Timer interrupt (I8 is	M8254	C254 Increase/decrease	
MOUSO	prohibited)	1010234	counting action	
M0060	I/O C	M0255	C255 Increase/decrease	
M8060	I/O Constitute error	M8255	counting action	
1.0000	DI CI I	2.505.1-	The first pulse	
M8061	PLC hardware error	M8340	operation monitoring	
	Serial communication		C216 Increase/decrease	
M8062	error 0	M8216	counting action	
	Serial communication		C217 Increase/decrease	
M8063	error 1	M8217	counting action	
M8064		M8218	_	
1710007	1 diameter ciroi	10210	3210 mercase/decrease	

				counting action
				C219 Increase/decrease
M8065	Grammatical error		M8219	counting action
M8066	Loopen		M8341	Y000 clear signal
MOUOU	Loop error		1010341	output function is valid
M8067	Operation error		M8342	Y000 specify the origin
WIGOO7	Operation error		1010542	return direction
M8068	1		M8343	Y000 forward limit
M8069	I/O bus detection		M8344	Y000 reverse limit
M8075	Sample tracking		M8345	Y000 near-point DOG
	preparation start command			signal logic inversion
M8076	Sample tracking		M8346	Y000 zero signal logic
	execution start command			inversion
M8077	Sample tracking		M8347	Y000 interrupt signal
	execution			logic inversion
M8078	Sample tracking execution end control		M8348	Y000 positioning command driver
				command driver
M8079	Sampling tracking system area		M8349	1st pulse stop
	~ .			2nd pulse operation
M8120	Can't use		M8350	monitoring
M8121	RS/RS2 command sends		M8351	Y001 clear signal
W10121	standby		1010331	output function is valid
M8122	RS/RS2 command to		M8352	Y001 specify the origin
1410122	send request		1410332	return direction
M8123	RS/RS2 command		M8353	Y001 forward limit
	reception end			
M8124	RS/RS2 command data in		M8354	Y001 reverse limit
	reception	refer to		
N 40125	MODBUS and	chapter 2.11	M0255	Y001 near-point DOG
M8125	Mitsubishi function		M8355	signal logic inversion
	enablement			V001 zono signal la sig
M8128	RD3A/WR3A Receive		M8356	Y001 zero signal logic inversion
	RD3A/WR3A			Y001 interrupt signal
M8129	communication timeout		M8357	logic inversion
				Y001 positioning
M8160	XCH's SWAP function		M8358	command driver
M8161	8-bit processing mode		M8359	2nd pulse stop
M8170	Input Y000 pulse contine		M8360	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse operation
M8170	Input X000 pulse capture		1010200	monitoring
M8171	Input X001 pulse capture		M8361	Y002 clear signal

					1
				output function is valid	
M8172	Input X002 pulse capture		M8362	Y002 specify the origin return direction	
M8173	Input X003 pulse capture		M8363	Y002 forward limit	
M8174	Input X004 pulse capture		M8364	Y002 reverse limit	
M8175	Input X005 pulse capture		M8365	Y002 near-point DOG signal logic inversion	
M8176	Input X006 pulse capture		M8366	Y002 zero signal logic inversion	
M8177	Input X007 pulse capture		M8367	Y002 interrupt signal logic inversion	
M8192	Programming port protocol and other protocol enablement	Serial port3	M8368	Y002 positioning command driver	
M8196	Programming port protocol and other protocol enablement	Serial port2	M8369	3rd pulse stop	
M8198	4 times frequency of C251 and C252		M8370	4th pulse operation monitoring	
M8199	4 times frequency of C253		M8371	Y003 clear signal output function is valid	
M8200	C200 Increase/decrease counting action		M8372	Y003 specify the origin return direction	
M8201	C201 Increase/decrease counting action		M8373	Y003 forward limit	
M8202	C202 Increase/decrease counting action		M8374	Y003 forward limit	
M8203	C203 Increase/decrease counting action		M8375	Y003 near-point DOG signal logic inversion	
M8204	C204 Increase/decrease counting action	ON: decrease	M8376	Y003 zero signal logic inversion	Refer to chapter 2.9.1
M8205	C205 Increase/decrease counting action	OFF: increase action	M8377	Y003 interrupt signal logic inversion	Serial port 3 Refer to chapter 2.11.3
M8206	C206 Increase/decrease counting action		M8378	Y003 positioning command driver	
M8207	C207 Increase/decrease counting action		M8379	4th pulse stop	
M8208	C208 Increase/decrease		M8396	C254 function	

	counting action			corresponds to input phase	
M8209	C209 Increase/decrease	MQ	401	RS2 command sends	
W10209	counting action	WIO		standby	
M8210	C210 Increase/decrease	MQ	402	RS2 command to send	
W16210	counting action	IVIO		request	
M8211	C211 Increase/decrease	MQ	403	RS2 command	
1010211	counting action	IVIO	403	reception end	
M8212	C212 Increase/decrease	M8404	RS2 command data in		
IV10212	counting action	IVIO		reception	
M8213	C213 Increase/decrease	MO	405	RS2 command data	
IV18213	counting action	IVIO	403	setting ready	
M8214	C214 Increase/decrease	MO	408	RD3A/WR3A Receive	
1010214	counting action	IVIO	408	Completed	
M0215	C215 Increase/decrease	MO	400	RD3A/WR3A	
M8215	counting action	IVI84	409	communication timeout	

# 2.4. Special register number and content

NO.	Content	Remarks	NO.	Content	Num
D8000	Watchdog timer		D8184	Z2 Register contents	
D8001	PLC type and system version		D8185	V2 Register contents	
D8002	PLC memory capacity	22K steps; 44K steps; 88K steps;	D8186	Z3 Register contents	
D8003	Memory type	10H:Programm able controller built-in memory	D8187	V3 Register contents	
D8010	Scan current value		D8188	Z4 Register contents	
D8011	Scan time minimum		D8189	V4 Register contents	
D8012	Scan time maximum		D8190	Z5 Register contents	
D8013	Second		D8191	V5 Register contents	
D8014	Minute		D8192	Z6 Register contents	
D8015	Hour		D8193	V6 Register contents	
D8016	Date		D8194	Z7 Register contents	
D8017	Month		D8195	V7 Register contents	
D8018	Year		D8268	Customize PWM 0~1	
D8019	Week		D8269	division factor	
D8020	Input filter adjustment (0-60ms) initial 10		D8340	1st position pulse amount	Low
D8030	AD0 analog input value		D8341		High
D8031	AD1 analog input value		D8342	Y0 deviation speed	

			Initial value:0	
Denza AD2 analaz innut valua		D0242	initial value:0	T
D8032 AD2 analog input value		D8343	1st pulse maximum speed	Low
D8033 AD3 analog input value		D8344	V01'1	High
D8034 AD4 analog input value		D8345	Y0 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8035 AD5 analog input value		D8346	Y0 Origin return speed	Low
D8036 AD6 analog input value		D8347	Initial value:50000	High
D8037 AD7 analog input value		D8348	1 <sup>st</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8038 AD8 analog input value		D8349	1 <sup>st</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8050 DA0 analog output value		D8350	2 <sup>nd</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8051 DA1 analog output value		D8351		High
D8058 When DA is current,Bit setting	Refer to 5.2	D8352	Y1 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8059 Constant scan time		D8353	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8074 X0 Rising edge ring counter	Low	D8354		High
D8075 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8355	Y1 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8076 X0 falling edge ring counter	Low	D8356	V1 O	Low
value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8357	Y1 Origin return speed Initial value:50000	High
D8078 X0 pulse width / pulse period	Low	D8358	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8079 [10μs unit]	High	D8359	2 <sup>nd</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8080 X1 Rising edge ring counter value	Low	D8360	3 <sup>rd</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8081 [1/6μs unit]	High	D8361	r ransa pana ana	High
D8082 X1 falling edge ring counter value	Low	D8362	Y2 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8083 [1/6μs unit]	High	D8363	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8084	Low	D8364		High
X1 pulse width / pulse period  [10μs unit]	High	D8365	Y2 crawling speed Initial value: 1000	
D8086 X3 Rising edge ring counter	Low	D8366	V2 Onicia natura and 1	Low
value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8367	Y2 Origin return speed Initial value:50000	High
D8088 X3 falling edge ring counter	Low	D8368	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse acceleration time	
value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8369	3 <sup>rd</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8090 X3 pulse width / pulse period	Low	D8370	4 <sup>th</sup> position pulse amount	Low
D8091 [10μs unit]	High	D8371		High

D8092 X4 Rising edge ring c	ounter Low	D8372	Y3 deviation speed Initial value:0	
D8093 [1/6μs unit]	High	D8373	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse maximum speed	Low
D8094 X4 falling edge ring of	ounter Low	D8374	•	High
D8095 value [1/6μs unit]	High	D8375	Y3 crawling speed Initial value:1000	
D8096 X4 pulse width / pulse	e period Low	D8376	Y3 Origin return speed	Low
D8097 [10μs unit]	High	D8377	Initial value:50000	High
D8101 PLC type and system	version	D8378	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse acceleration time	
D8102 PLC memory capacity	7	D8379	4 <sup>th</sup> pulse deceleration time	
D8108 Number of special mo	odules	D8397	ADPRW command serial port position	Refer to chapter 8.2
D8109 Y number of output re	efresh	D8398	0~2147483647(1ms) Ring	
D8120 Modbus RTU protoco		D8399	count for incremental actions	
D8121 Master and slave stati	on	D8400	Modbus RTU protocol Communication parameters	
D8122 RS command to send remaining points	data	D8401	Communication mode	
D8123 RS command to recei monitoring	ve points	D8406	Number of intervals	
D8124 RS header <initial td="" val<=""><td>ue: STX&gt;</td><td>D8409</td><td>overtime time</td><td></td></initial>	ue: STX>	D8409	overtime time	
D8125 RS trailer <initial td="" va<=""><td>Serial port2 Refer to chapter 8.2</td><td>D8410</td><td>RS2 header 1, 2 <initial stx="" value:=""></initial></td><td></td></initial>	Serial port2 Refer to chapter 8.2	D8410	RS2 header 1, 2 <initial stx="" value:=""></initial>	
D8126 Serial port 2 interval p	period 8.2	D8411	RS2 header 3, 4	Serial
D8127 the communication required lower computer		D8412	RS2 trailer 1, 2 <initial value:<br="">ETX&gt;</initial>	port3 Refer to chapter 8.3
D8128 requested by the lower communication		D8413	Master and slave station number	0.5
D8129 Set timeout		D8414	RS2 receives the summation calculation result	
D8169 Restrict access status		D8415	RS2 receives the summation calculation result	
D8182 V1 Register contents		D8416	RS2 sends summation	
D8183 Z1 Register contents				

**\*\*Specific functions please refer to <u>" PLC instruction</u>** 

programming manual"

# 2.5. Function Instructions (Contrast with FX3GS PLC instruction)

List of basic logic instructions

Mnemon	Nama	Footower	Available devices
ic	Name	Features	Available devices
LD	take	Normally open contact logic operation starts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
LDI	Negate	Normally closed contact logic operation starts	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
LDP	Take the rising edge of the pulse	Start of operation to detect rising edge	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
LDF	Take the falling edge of the pulse	Start of operation to detect falling edge	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
AND	versus	Series of normally open contacts	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
ANI	With reverse	Series of normally closed contacts	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
ANDP	With pulse rising edge	Detect rising edge series connection	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANDF	With the falling edge of the pulse	Series connection detection of falling edges	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
OR	Or pulse rising edge	Normally open contacts in parallel	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ORI	Or reverse	Normally closed contacts in parallel	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ORP	Or pulse rising edge	Parallel connection detecting rising edge	X,Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
ORF	Or pulse falling edge	Parallel connection to detect falling edge	$X,Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C$
ANB	Block with	Series connection of circuit blocks	-
ORB	Block or	Parallel connection of circuit blocks	-
MPS	Push stack	Push onto the stack	-
MRD	Read stack	Read stack	-
MPP	Unstack	Pop the stack	-
INV	Negate	Inversion of operation result	-
MEP	M.E.P	Conduction on rising edge	-
MEF	MEF	Conduction on falling edge	-
OUT	Output	Coil drive	Y,M,S,D□.b,T,C
SET	Position	Movement retention	Y,M,S,D□.b
RST	Reset	Clear action keeps, register cleared	$Y,M,S,D\Box.b,T,C,$ $D,R,V,Z$
PLS	pulse	Differential output on rising edge	Y,M

PLF	Falling edge pulse	Differential output on falling edge	Y,M
MC	Master	Connection circle command for common series point	Y,M
MCR	Master reset	Instruction to eliminate common series point	-
NOP	No operation	No action	-
END	End	End of the program and I/O and return to the beginning	-

# Applied instruction can be divided into the following 18 kinds.

1	Data move instructions		
2	Data conversion instructions		
3	Comparison instructions		
4	Arithmetic operation instructions		
5	Logical operation instructions		
6	Special function instructions		
7	Rotate instructions		
8	Shift instruction		
9	Data operation instructions		
10	Character string operation instructions		
11	Program flow control instructions		
12	I/O refresh instructions		
13	Real time clock control instructions		
14	Pulse output/positioning control instructions		
15	Serial communication		
16	Special block/unit control instructions		
17	Other handy instruct		

#### 1. Data move instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
MOV	12	Move	*
SMOV	13	Shift Move	*
CML	14	Compliment	*
BMOV	15	Block Move	*
FMOV	16	Fill Move	*
PRUN	81	Parallel Run (Octal Mode)	*
EMOV	112	Floating Point Move	*

#### 2. Data conversion instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
BCD	18	Conversion to Binary Coded	
ВСД	10	Decimal	×
BIN	19	Conversion to Binary	*
GRY	170	Decimal to Gray Code Conversion	*
GBIN	171	Gray Code to Decimal Conversion	*
FLT	49	Conversion to Floating Point	*
INT	129	Floating Point to Integer Conversion	*

# 3. Comparison instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
LD=	224	Contact compare LD (S1)=(S2)	*
LD>	225	Contact compare LD (S1)>(S2)	*
LD<	226	Contact compare LD (S1)<(S2)	*
LD<>	228	Contact compare LD (S1)≠(S2)	*
LD<=	229	Contact compare LD (S1)≦(S2)	*
LD>=	230	Contact compare LD (S1)≧(S2)	*
AND=	232	Contact compare AND (S1)=(S2)	*
AND>	233	Contact compare AND (S1)>(S2)	*
AND<	234	Contact compare AND (S1)<(S2)	*
AND<>	236	Contact compare AND (S1)≠(S2)	*
AND<=	237	Contact compare AND (S1)≦(S2)	*
AND>=	238	Contact compare AND (S1)≧(S2)	*
OR=	240	Contact compare OR (S1)=(S2)	*
OR>	241	Contact compare OR (S1)>(S2)	*
OR<	242	Contact compare OR (S1)<(S2)	*
OR<>	244	Contact compare OR (S1)≠(S2)	*
OR<=	245	Contact compare OR (S1)≦(S2)	*
OR>=	246	Contact compare OR (S1)≧(S2)	*
CMP	10	Compare	*
ZCP	11	Zone Compare	*
ECMP	110	Floating Point Compare	*
HSCS	53	High speed counter set	*
HSCR	54	High speed counter reset	*
HSZ	55	High Speed Counter Zone Compare	*

# 4. Arithmetic operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ADD	20	Addition	*
SUB	21	Subtraction	*
MUL	22	Multiplication	*
DIV	23	Division	*
EADD	120	Floating Point Addition	*
ESUB	121	Floating Point Subtraction	*
EMUL	122	Floating Point Multiplication	*
EDIV	123	Floating Point Division	*
INC	24	Increase	*
DEC	25	Decrement	*

# 5. Logical operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
WAND	26	Word AND	*
WOR	27	Word OR	*
WXOR	28	Word Exclusive OR	*

# 6. Special function instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support	
ESQR	127	Floating Point Square Root	*	

#### 7. Rotate instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ROR	30	Rotation Right	*
ROL	31	Rotation Left	*

#### 8. Shift instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
SFTR	34	Bit Shift Right	*
SFTL	35	Bit Shift Left	*
WSFR	36	Word Shift Right	*
WSFL	37	Word Shift left	*
SFWR	38	Shift Write [FIFO/FILO Control]	*
SFRD	39	Shift Read [FIFO Control]	*

#### 9. Data operation instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support

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ZRST	40	Zone Reset	*
DECO	41	Decode	*
ENCO	42	Encode	*
MEAN	45	Mean	*
SUM	43	Sum of Active Bits	*
BON	44	Check Specified Bit Status	*
CCD	84	Check Code	*
SER	61	Search a Data Stack	*

# 10. String processing instruction

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ASCI	82	Hexadecimal to ASCII Conversion	*
HEX	83	ASCII to Hexadecimal Conversion	*

# 11. Program flow control instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
CJ	00	Conditional Jump	*
CALL	01	Call Subroutine	*
SRET	02	Subroutine Return	*
IRET	03	Interrupt Return	*
EI	04	Enable Interrupt	*
DI	05	Disable Interrupt	*
FEND	06	Main Routine Program End	*
FOR	08	Start a FOR/NEXT Loop	*
NEXT	09	End a FOR/NEXT Loop	*

#### 12. I/O refresh instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
REF	50	Refresh	*
REFF	51	Refresh and Filter Adjust	

#### 13. Real time clock control instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
TCMP	160	RTC Data Compare	*
TZCP	161	RTC Data Zone Compare	*
TADD	162	RTC Data Addition	*

TSUB	163	RTC Data Subtraction	*
TRD	166	Read RTC data	*
TWR	167	Set RTC data	*

# 14. Pulse output/positioning control instruction

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
ABS	155	Absolute Current Value Read	*
DSZR	150	DOG Search Zero Return	*
ZRN	156	Zero Return	*
TBL	152	Batch Data Positioning Mode	*
DRVI	158	Drive to Increment	*
DRVA	159	Drive to Absolute	*
PLSV	157	Variable Speed Pulse Output	*
PLSY	57	Pulse Y Output	*
PLSR	59	Acceleration/Deceleration Setup	*

#### 15. Serial communication instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
RS	80	Serial Communication	*
R(S2)	87	Serial Communication 2	*
ADPRW	276	MODBUS read and write	*

# 16. Special block/unit control instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
FROM	78	Read From a Special Function Block	*
ТО	79	Write To a Special Function Block	*
RD3A	176	Read form Dedicated Analog Block	*
WR3A	177	Write to Dedicated Analog Block	*

# 17. Other handy instructions

Mnemonic	FNC No.	Function	Support
WDT	07	Watchdog Timer Refresh	*
ALT	66	Alternate State	*
ANS	46	Timed Annunciator Set	*
ANR	47	Annunciator Reset	*
HOUR	169	Hour Meter	*
RAMP	67	Ramp Variable Value	*
SPD	56	Speed Detection	*

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PWM	58	Pulse Width Modulation	*
PID	88	PID Control Loop	*
ABSD	62	Absolute Drum Sequencer	*
INCD	63	Incremental Drum Sequencer	*
IST	60	Initial state	*
MTR	52	Input Matrix	*
DSW	72	Digital switch (thumbwheel input)	*
SEGL	74	Seven Segment With Latch	*
VRRD	85	Volume Read	*
VRSC	86	Volume Scale	*

For detailed instruction usage, please refer to "PLC instruction

#### programming manual"

# 2.6. Analog input

Input precision of coolmay MX3G HMI PLC All-in-one is 12-bit, directly read the corresponded register value of each analog while using.

Environment temperature is only used in thermocouple.

#### 2.6.1. Analog input type

Input signal	Range	Register value	Resolution	Accuracy (Total Measuring range)
K-type thermocouple	Room temperature $\sim$ 1100°C	Room temperature $\sim$ 11000	0.1°C	1%
K-type thermocouple (Negative temp)	-230∼1370°C	-2300~13700	0.1°C	1%
T-type thermocouple	Room temperature~ 400°C	Room temperature~	0.1°C	1%
T-type thermocouple (Negative temp)	-230∼400°C	-2300~4000	0.1℃	1%
S-type thermocouple	Room temperature~ 1690°C	Room temperature~	0.1°C	1%
S-type thermocouple	-40∼1690°C	-400~16900	0.1°C	1%

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(Negative temp)				
J-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature $\sim$	0.1°C	1%
	800°C	8000		
J-type				
thermocouple	-90∼950°C	-900~9500	0.1°C	1%
(Negative temp)				
E-type	Room	Room		
thermocouple	temperature $\sim$	temperature $\sim$	0.1°C	1%
	600°C	6000		
E-type				
thermocouple	-110∼730°C	-1100~7300	0.1°C	1%
(Negative temp)				
PT100/PT1000	-200∼500°C	-2000~5000	0.1°C	1%
NTC10K				
(The default value	-48∼110°C	-480~1100	0.1°C	1%
of B is 3435)				
Voltage	0-10V/0-5V	0~4000	2.5mV/1.25mV	1%
Current Type1	0∼20mA	0~4000	5uA	1%
Current Type2	4∼20mA	0~4000	4uA	1%

The transmitter which is integrated inside PLC is one of the above table or mixed ones, it is up to customers' need when ordering.

#### 2.6.2. Analog input reading

Support FROM instruction or register directly read. Such as: FROM K0 K0 D400 K8, read out 8 analog input, 0-10V.

The register is directly read: D[8030]~D[8038] is the output value set for the corresponding type, the constant scan time is changed to D8059, and it is started by M8039 (version 26232 and above);

NO	Register Value
AD0	D8030
AD1	D8031
AD2	D8032
AD3	D8033
AD4(Environ	D8034
ment	
temperature)	
AD5	D8035
AD6	D8036

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AD7	D8037
AD8	D8038

When the analog input has a thermocouple type, it can only do up to 8 channels, of which AD4 is the ambient temperature of the thermocouple.

In the case of 4-20mA type, the register read is less than 3.8mA and the value is 32760, which is the disconnection value.

#### 2.6.3. Analog input sampling

Filtering cycles=( R23600~R23615)\* PLC scanning time, if R23600=1, One PLC scan cycle sample one time and change the 1st analog input value for one time. The larger R23600~R23615 value is, the result is more stable.

D8054~D8057 are the first 5 filtering cycles, the default=10;

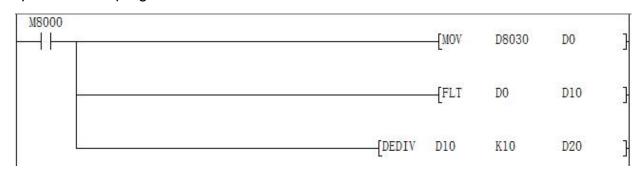
D8100 is the first 5 channels of smoothing filter coefficient, setting range: 0~999, default=900.

D8455~D8458 are the number of filter cycles of the last 4 channels, the default = 2 (range  $2\sim20000$ ), the data cannot be less than or equal to 0;

D8450 is the last 4-channel smoothing filter coefficient, setting range: 0~999, default=100.

#### 2.6.4. Examples of analog input

Below is an example of MX3G 1 channel temperature analog AD0 acquisition. The program reads the values as follows:



Connect the signal terminal of the temperature sensor to the AD0 input of the PLC and the other end to the GND of the analog input port.

When the PLC is running, the value of the data register D8030 corresponding to AD0 will be transmitted to D0, the value of D0 will be put into

D10 after floating point operation, and then the floating point number division operation will be performed on D10, and then operation result will be put into D20, the result D20 is the actual Temperature value.

In the ladder diagram, you can also directly divide the value of D8030.

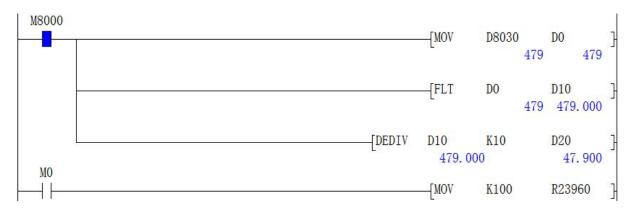
**Note:** When the input is 0-10V analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 400;

When the input is temperature, the actual temperature value = register reading/10;

When the input is 0-20mA analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 200;

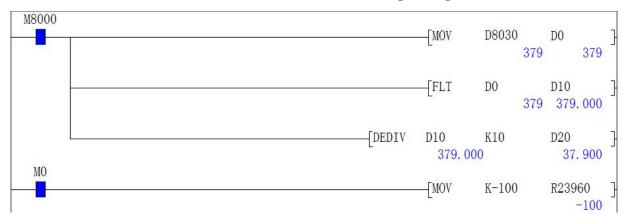
When the input is 4-20 mA analog, the actual analog value = register reading / 250 + 4.

The analog correction is corrected for the size. The following figure is an example of correcting the AD0 temperature after acquisition:



If the current temperature is  $37.9^{\circ}$ C, the actual test is  $47.9^{\circ}$ C, the error is  $10^{\circ}$ C, you need to modify the size correction register, show as below:

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In the above figure, when M0 is closed, the value -100 is transmitted to the correction register R23960, and now you can see that the value of the actual measured temperature D20 is close to the actual temperature which is 37.9 °C.

#### 2.7. Analog output

Analog output range 0~4000, precision is 12 bit. Support TO instruction or register assignment operation directly.

Adopts TO K0 K0 D500 K2, 2 channels 0~10V or 0~20mA analog output. Register assignment operation directly: D8050~D8057.

When the default D8058.0~D8058.7=0, it means 0~20mA; when D8058.0~D8058.7=1, it means 4~20mA.

	DA register	Range	Output type
DA0	D8050	0-4000	
DA1	D8051	0-4000	

#### Example:

Below shows the 0-10V voltage analog output.



At this point, use a multimeter to check the voltage of the DA0 terminal, that is, the multimeter's red pen is connected to the DA0 terminal, and the black

pen is connected to the GND terminal. The multimeter is displaying 5V voltage value.

#### 2.8. PID instruction

#### 1. Outline

This command is used to perform PID control that changes the output value according to the amount of change in the input.

#### 2. PID instruction format and parameter description

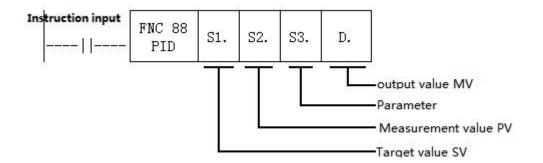
Instruction format:

#### Parameter Description:

Operand Type	Content	Data Type	Word software component
S1.	Save data register number of the target value (SV)	BIN16 bit	D,R
S2.	Save data register number of the measured value (PV)	BIN16 bit	D,R
S3.	Save the data register number of the parameter		D,R
D.	Save data register number of the output register (MV)	BIN16 bit	D,R

#### 3. Function and action description

16-bit operation (PID): After setting the target value S1., the measured value S2., and the parameters S3~S3+6 in the execution program, the operation result (MV) is saved to the output value D. every sampling time S3.



# Setting item

	Setting item	Content	Occupied points
S1.	Target value(SV)	Set target value (SV) PID instruction does not change the setting contents	1 point
S2.	Measured value(PV)	The input value of the PID operation	1 point
S3.	Parameter	Auto-tuning: step response method a) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all not "0",occupy 25points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3. b) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all "0",occupy 20points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.	25 points 20 points
D.	Output value (MV)	Auto-tuning: step response method Set the step output value on the user side before the instruction is driven. During the auto-tuning process, the MV output cannot be changed on the side of the PID instruction.	1 point

#### Parameter list \$3.~\$3.+28

Setting item			Setting content	Remark
S3.	Sampling time(Ts)		1~32767(ms)	Value shorter than the calculation period can't be run
S3.	ACT	b1t0	0: positive action; 1: reverse action.	Action direction (ACT)
		bit1	0: No input change alarm;	

			1: Input	
			change amount	
			alarm is valid.	
			0: No output	
			change alarm;	D 0341:20 11:25
		bit2	1: Output	Do not turn ON bit2 and bit5
			change amount	at the same time
			alarm is valid.	
		bit3	Can't use	
			0:	
			Auto-tuning	
		bit4	doesn't work;	
			1: Perform	
			auto-tuning.	
			0: No output	
			value upper and	
			lower limit	
			setting;	Do not turn ON bit2 and bit5
		bit5	_	at the same time
			value upper and	at the same time
			lower limits are	
			valid.	
			0: Step	
		bit6	response	Auto-tuning mode
		ono	method.	Trate taking mode
		bit7~bit15	Can't use	
S3.		0117 01115	Cuii t use	
+2	Input filter c	onstant $(\alpha)$	0~99(%)	0 means no input filtering
S3.				
+3	Proportion	al gain ()	1~32767(%)	
S3.			0~32767(*10	0 means as ∞ processing (no
33.  +4	Integration	n time()	$0 \sim 32/6/(100)$	points)
			omsj	pomis)
S3. +5	Differentia	al gain ()	0~100(%)	0 means no derivative gain
			0 22767/*10	O magne no differential
S3.	Derivative	e time ()	0~32767(*10	0 means no differential
+6			ms)	processing
S3.				
+7	DID			wlassa da wak di waki di 11
	PID operation	on internal proc	essing occupied,	please do not change the data.
S3.+1				
9	т . 1			(A CIT)
S3.	Input change am	ount (increase	0~32767	(ACT):
$+20^{*1}$	side) alarm s	4 1	0,32707	Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1

S3.	Innut change am	ount (decrease		(ACT):
+21*1		Input change amount (decrease side) alarm set value		(ACT):
721 '	side) alarm s	sei vaiue		Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1
	Output change amount (increase side) alarm set value		0~32767	(ACT):
S3.			0~32/0/	Valid when S3.+1 bit2=1, bit5=0
+22*1				
722	Output van an l	imit aut valva	-32768~3276	(ACT):
	Output upper la	mmi sei value	7	Valid when S3.+1 bit2=0, bit5=1
				(ACT):
	Output chan	ge amount	0~32767	Valid when S3.+1 bit2=1,
G2	(decrease side) al	arm set value	0~32707	bit5=0
S3. +23*1				
23 -	Output lower la	imit set velue	-32768~3276	(ACT): Valid when S3.+1 bit2=0,
	Output lower I	mmi sei value	7	bit5=1
			0: The input	011.5—1
			change amount	
			(increase side)	
			does not	(ACT):
		bit0	overflow;	Valid when S3.+1 bit1=1 or
		bito	1: Input	bit2=1
			change amount	
			(increase side)	
			overflow.	
			0: The input	
			change amount	
			(reduction side)	
			does not	
		bit1	overflow;	
S3.	Alarm output		1: Input	
+24*1	marin output		change amount	
			(reduction side)	
			overflow.	
			0: The output	
			change amount	
			(increase side)	
			does not	
		bit2	overflow;	
			1: Output	
			change amount	
			(increase side)	
			overflow.	
		1.142	0: The output	
		bit3	change amount	
			-	

	(reduction side)	
	does not	
	overflow;	
	1: Output	
	change amount	
	(reduction side)	
	overflow.	

<sup>\*1:</sup> When S3+1 action setting (ACT) bit1=1, bit2=1 or bit5=1, S3+20~24 is occupied.

#### 4. Notice

When using multiple instructions: It can be executed multiple times at the same time (the number of loops is not limited), but note that the S3 and D devices used in the operation cannot be repeated.

#### Occupied points of parameter S3. : Step response method

- 1) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all not "0",occupy 25points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.
- 2) ACT setting: when bit1,bit2,bit5 are all "0",occupy 20points Soft Component starting from the Initial Soft Component specified in S3.

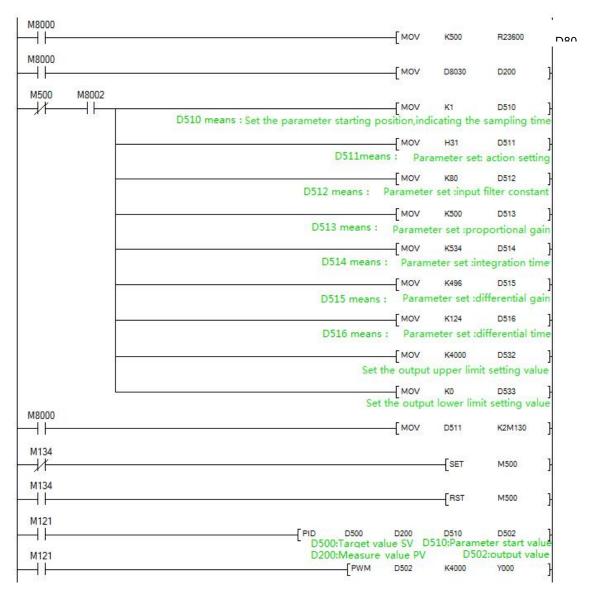
**Step response mode:** The self-tuning mode in the PID instruction has only a step response mode, and the step value is S0+22, which is the upper limit value.

When specifying the soft component in the power failure holding area: If D. is specified in the program to hold the data register in the power failure, needs to clear the specified register at the time of program start up.

**Action flag:** bit 0=0 of S3+1 is a positive action, and bit0=1 is a reverse action; When heating, is reverse action.

#### 5. Example

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# 2.9. Application of high speed counter

# 2.9.1. Assignment table of built-in high speed counter

MX3G PLC high-speed counting conventional 2 single-phase 60KHz + 4 10KHz or 1 AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 AB (Z) phase 5KHz; among them, dual-phase double counting input, the default is 1 frequency.

Counter type	No			Input a	ssignment		
	No.	X000	X001	X002	X003	X004	X005
Single phase	C235	U/D					
single counter	C236		U/D				
input	C237			U/D			
	C238				U/D		

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	C239					U/D	
	C240						U/D
	C241	U/D	R				
	C242			U/D	R		
	C243					U/D	R
	C244	U/D	R				
	C245			U/D	R		
	C246	U	D				
Single phase	C247	U	D	R			
double counter	C248				U	D	R
input	C249	U	D	R			
	C250				U	D	R
AB phase	C251	A	В				
double counter	C252	A	В	R			
input	C253				A	В	R

U: up counter

D: down counter

A: A phase input

B: B phase input

R: External reset input

**Single phase:** up to 6 channels, maximum frequency 2 channels 60KHz+4 channels 10KHz

# AB phase:

1 times frequency: 1 channel AB (Z) phase 30KHz +1 channel AB (Z) phase 5KHz;

4 times frequency:4 times frequency: up to 2 channels, the maximum frequency is 10KHz;

M8198 is the 4 times frequency logo of C251;

M8199 is the 4 times frequency logo of C253.

#### 2.9.2. Related device

# 1. For switching up/down counting of Single phase single counter

Туре	Counter number	Designated device	Up counting	Down counting	
	C235	M8235			
	C236	M8236		ON	
	C237	M8237			
Single phase single	C238	M8238	OFF		
counter input	C239	M8239			
	C240	M8240			
	C241	M8241			

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C242	M8242
C243	M8243
C244	M8244
C245	M8245

# 2. For monitoring the up/down counting direction of Single phase double counter and AB phase double counter

Tymo	Counter	Designated	Up	Down
Туре	number	device	counting	counting
	C246	M8246		
Single phase	C247	M8247		
double counter	C248	M8248		
input	C249	M8249	OFF	ON
	C250	M8250	OFF	ON
AB phase	C251	M8251		
double counter	C252	M8252		
input	C253	M8253		

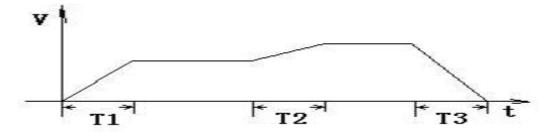
### 3. For High-speed counter function switching

Device name	Name	Content	
M8198	Function switching	1 times/4 times switching device for C251/C252	
M8199	device	1 times/4 times switching device for C253	

# 2.10. Application of high speed pulse

# 2.10.1. High speed pulse output

3G PLC high-speed pulse output conventional 4 channels, 70C: Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 50KHz; 43C: Y0-Y1 is 100KHz, Y2-Y3 is 10KHz. Support variable speed, the initial/final speed of start/stop is 0, the chart is as follows: (take acceleration and deceleration time D8348 as an example).



Acceleration/deceleration time T calculation= (target speed-current speed) \* acceleration/deceleration time/maximum speed.

For example, target speed = 50000, current speed = 20000, acceleration time 100 (ms), maximum speed = 100,000, T = 30 ms.

PLSY, ZRN, PLSV, DRVI, DRVA, DVIT, DSZR, only Y0-Y3 supports DVIT (interrupt positioning), DSZR (origin return with DOG search) instructions.

Pulse point				
Function	Y0	<b>Y1</b>	Y2	Y3
Description				
Pulse operation	M8340	M8350	M8360	M8370
monitoring				
Position pulse	D8340	D8350	D8360	D8370
(32bit)	D8341	D8351	D8361	D8371
accelerate /	D83485	D83585	D83685	D8378、
decelerate time	D8349	D8359	D8369	D8379
Pulse stop bit	M8349	M8359	M8369	M8379
Maximum speed	D8343	D8353	D8363	D8373
Maximum speed	D8344	D8354	D8364	D8374
basal velocity	D8342	D8352	D8362	D8372
Onicia natuum anaad	D8346、	D8356、	D8366	D8376、
Origin return speed	D8347	D8357	D8367	D8377
Crawl speed	D8345	D8355	D8365	D8375

The following registers are supported when using PLSR and PLSY instructions:

Pulse point Function Description	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3
Pulse operation	M8340	M8350	M8360	M8370
monitoring				

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Position pulse (32bit)	D8340	D8350	D8360	D8370
	D8341	D8351	D8361	D8371
accelerate / decelerate time	D8348 D8349	D8358 D8359	D8368 D8369	D8378 D8379
Maximum speed	D8343 D8344	D8353 D8354	D8363 D8364	D8373 D8374
Pulse stop bit	M8349	M8359	M8369	M8379

# 2.10.2. Pulse width modulation (PWM)

#### 1. Outline

This instruction is used to specify the pulse period and pulse output of the ON time.

# 2. PWM instruction format and parameter description.

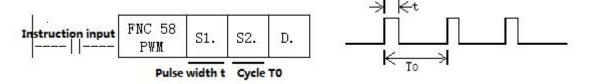
Instruction format:

# Parameter description:

Operand type	Content	Data	Word software component	Range
type		type	component	
S1.	Word soft component numbers of	BIN	KnX, KnY, KnM, KnS,	0~32767ms
51.	Pulse width (ms) data or saving data	16 bit	T,C,D,R,V,Z,K,H	0~32/0/IIIS
G2	Word soft component numbers	BIN	KnX, KnY, KnM, KnS,	1 22767
S2.	of Period (ms) data or saving data	16 bit	T, C, D, R, V, Z, K,H	1~32767ms
Ъ	Soft component (Y) numbers	BIN	Y	Y0-Y3(5~100KHz)
D.	of Output pulse	16 bit	Υ	Y4-Y7(5~10KHz)

# 3. Function and action description

16-bit operation (PWM):Pulse output in units of period [S2.ms],Its ON pulse width is [S1.ms].



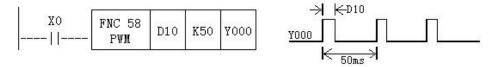
#### Notes:

Value of the pulse width S1. and the period S2. should be set: S1. ≦ S2. ∘

When instruction input is OFF, Output from D. is also OFF.

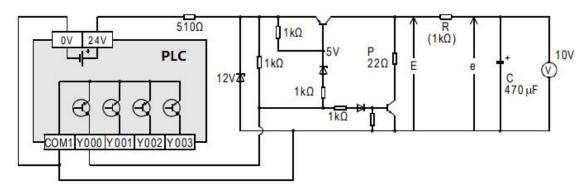
Do not operate the setting switch of the pulse output mode during pulse emission.

#### 4. Program Example



In this example, the data range of D10 is changed from 0 to 50, and the average output of Y0 is 0 to 100%. If D10 data >50, it will be wrong.

# **Example for smooth loop**



R >> P

$$t = R(K\Omega)^* C(\mu F) = 470ms >> T0$$

Compared to the pulse period T0,the time constant  $\tau$  of the filter is a very large value.

The fluctuation value  $\Delta e$  of average output current e is approximately

$$\frac{\Delta e}{e} \leq \frac{T0}{\tau}$$

#### 5. Special Note

#### **Conventional PWM**

- 1) Support a total of 4 channels Y0-Y3 (please select transistor MT output);
- 2)There is no limit to the pulse width and pulse period, both in milliseconds (ms).

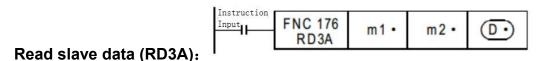
# 2.11. PLC Communication port instructions

PLC defaulted has a RS232 programming port, and two communication ports (Rs232 or Rs485) can be added. Meanwhile, CANbus is also optional.

#### 2.11.1. MODBUS instruction interpretation and communication address

PLC, when as master, support ADPRW command,RD3A command,WR3A command,this section will give you detailed description about these commands.

#### 2.11.1.1. RD3A/WR3A command function and action description:

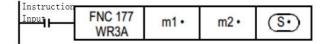


For PLC, the RD3A instruction corresponds to Modbus's No. 03 function.

m1 represents the station number of the read slave device,range:1-247; m2 represents the first address number of the read data in the slave device; D represents the number of registers read, range: 1-125(When Modbus ASCII,range is1-45; When CAN communication,range is 1-90), and the read data is sequentially stored in the host D.+1, D.+2.

D-1 address value must be set to (=0: serial port 2; =1: serial port 3)

#### Write data to the slave (WR3A):



For PLC, the WR3A instruction corresponds to Modbus's 06 and 10 functions.

m1 represents the station number of the slave device to be written, range :1-247.

m2 represents the first address number of the write register in the slave device;

S represents the numbers of registers to be written, ranging:1-123(When Modbus ASCII,range is1-45; When CAN communication,range is 1-90). The data to be written is sequentially stored in the host S.+1, S.+2.

- S=1, the WR3A instruction corresponds to the Modbus 06 function.
- S=2-123, the WR3A instruction corresponds to the Modbus 10 function.
- S.-1 address value must be set to (=0: serial port 2; =1: serial port 3)

# RD3A and WR3A only support the below MODBUS functions:

Function No. 03: Read holding register and takes the current binary value range of 1-125 in one or more holding registers.

Function No. 06: Load the specific binary value into a holding register (write register) ,range:1.

Function No. 10: Preset multiple registers, load specific binary values into a series of consecutive holding registers (write multiple registers),range:1-123.

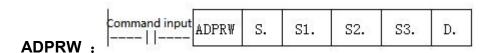
### 2.11.1.2. ADPRW command function and action description:

### ADPRW instruction supports all functions of the MODBUS RTU.

- No. 01: Read coil status and get the current status (ON/OFF) of a group of logic coils, range 1-512
- No. 02: Read the input status and get the current status (ON/OFF) of a group of switch inputs, range 1-512
- No. 03: Read the retentive register and get the current binary value in one or more retentive registers, ranging from 1-125
- No. 04: Get the current binary value in one or more input registers, range 1-125
- No. 05: Force a single coil to force the on/off state (write bit) of a logic coil, range 1
- No. 06: Load specific binary values into a retentive register (write register), range 1
  - No. 0F: Force multiple coils, forcibly open and close a series of continuous

logic coils (write multiple bits), range 1-1968

No. 10: Preset multiple registers, load specific binary values into a series of consecutive holding registers (write multiple registers). Range 1-125



- **S.** indicates the station number of the slave device to be read and written, the range is 0-247;
  - **S1.** indicates the function code (that is, the functions NO 01-06, 15, and 16);
- **S2.** The function parameter corresponding to each function code (the operand indicates the MODBUS start address when the function is 01);
- **S3.** The function parameters corresponding to each function code (the operand indicates the number of access points when the function is 01, and the parameter is fixed to 0 when the 05 function is used);
  - **D.** indicates the starting position of the data storage device.

#### 2.11.1.3. Word device communication address number

MOD	MODBUS device				
Input register (readout dedicated)	Holding register (read/write)	CX3G/FX3GC device			
-	0x0000~0x1F3F	D0~D7999			
-	$0x1F40\sim0x213F$	D8000~D8511			
-	0x2140∼0x7EFF	R0~R23999			
-	0x7F00∼0xA13F	Unused address			
-	0xA140~0xA27F	TN0~TN319			
-	0xA280~0xA33F	Unused address			
-	0xA340~0xA407	CN0~CN199			
-	0xA408~0xA477	CN200~CN255			
-	0xA478~0xA657	M0~M7679			
-	0xA658~0xA677	M8000~M8511			
-	0xA678~0xA777	S0~S4095			
-	0xA778~0xA78B	TS0~TS319			
-	0xA78C∼0xA797	Unused address			
-	- 0xA798~0xA7A7				
-	0xA7A8~0xA7AF	Y0~Y177			

$0xA7B0\sim0xA7B7$	<del>-</del>	Unused address			
0xA7B8~0xA7BF	-	X0~X177			
An error occurs when accessing an unused address					
CN200~255 is a 32-bit counter					

# 2.11.1.4. Bit device Communication address number

MOD	BUS device	
Input (readout dedicated)	Coil (read/write)	MX3G device
-	0x0000~0x1DFF	M0~M7679
-	0x1E00~0x1FFF	M8000~M8511
-	0x2000~0x2FFF	S0~S4095
-	0x3000~0x313F	TS0~TS319
-	0x3140~0x31FF	Unused address
-	0x3200~0x32FF	CS0~CS255
-	0x3300~0x337F	Y0~Y177
0x3380~0x33FF	-	Unused address
0x3400~0x347F	-	X0~X177
An error occurs when acc	cessing an unused address	

# 2.11.1.5. ADPRW Command function parameter

Operand function	S1. Function code	S2. MODBUS address/subfunction code	S3. Access points/subfunction data	D.  Data storage device start
Coil readout	1H	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~2000	Read object device D.R.M.Y.S
Input readout	2Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points:	Read object device D.R.M.Y.S
Holding register readout	3Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~125	Read object device D.R
Input register readout	4H	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~125	Read object device D.R
Single coil write	5Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	0(Fix)	Write object device D.R.X.Y.M.S 0=OFF 1=ON
Single register write	6Н	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	0(Fix)	Write object device D.R
Bulk coil writing	FH	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~1968	Write object device D.R.X.Y.M.S

Bulk register write	10H	MODBUS Address: 0000H~FFFFH	Access points: 1~123 Write ob	oject device
---------------------	-----	-----------------------------	-------------------------------	--------------

# 2.11.2. Serial port 2: RS485(A B)

Support MITSUBISHI programming port protocol, Mitsubishi BD board protocol, Free port protocol and MODBUS RTU protocol;

The special relays and registers related to this serial port are as below:

Functions	Serial port 2(A/B)	Serial port 3(A1/B1)	Remark
Mitsubishi programming port protocol	M8196=0	M8192=0	power lost can not be retentive
Freeport protocol function	M8196=1 M8125=0	M8192=1	
RS/RS2 sending mark	M8122=1	M8402=1	
RS/RS2 sending completion mark	-	-	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving completion mark	M8123	M8403	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving process mark	M8124	M8404	Data is receiving
RS/RS2 command 8/16 bits differentiation mark	M8161	M8161	
RS2 command end operation settings	-	1	
MODBUS function	M8196=1 M8125=1	M8192=1	
RD3A/WR3A Receive correct mark	M8128	M8408	Automatic reset
RD3A\WR3A communication over-time mark	M8129	M8409	Automatic reset
ADPRW command completion mark	M8029	M8029	Command execution end mark
Communication parameters	D8120	D8400	
Communication mode	-	D8401	
Master-slave station number	D8121	D8414	
RD3A/WR3A overtime	D8129	D8409	Unit: ms (detailed setting,refer to explanation)
RD3A/WR3A interval period	D8126	D8406	
RD3A\WR3A end operation -1	0	1	
ADPRW command settings	D8397=0	D8397=1	

M8196: the activation flag of using programming port protocol and other

protocol.

M8125: the activation flag of using MODBUS and the original Mitsubishi function.

M8122: RS sending flag (this bit needs to be set 1 when using the RS instruction, and it will automatically reset after sending).

M8123: RS receiving completion flag, need to reset manually.

M8124: RS command data is being received.

M8161: 8-bit/16-bit mode flag of RS instruction

M8128: RD3A / WR3A receive the correct flag.

M8129:RD3A/WR3A communication over-time flag. (when communication is over-time, flag is ON)

M8029: Communication completion flag (communication completion flag when using ADPRW instruction, need to reset manually).

D8120: Save the communication parameters of Modbus RTU protocol, see the figure below for specific settings.D8121: Save the host or slave station number.

D8129: RD3A and WR3A timeout period. (The unit is milliseconds, it is recommended to set: when the communication rate setting is greater than or equal to 9600, D8129 is set to 10~20; when the communication rate setting is less than 9600, D8129 is set to 20~50)

D8126: Interval period. Default as 10 times.

D8397: When using the serial port 2 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8397 to 0.

Support RS, WR3A, RD3A, ADPRW instructions. Can be set in the parameter zone, corresponding to serial port 2. The parameter zone settings are only valid for this channel. It is invalid for serial port 3.

#### 2.11.2.1. Mitsubishi programming port protocol

When used as programming port protocol: set M8196=0.

# 2.11.2.2. Mitsubishi BD Agreement

When used as the Mitsubishi BD protocol function: set M8196=1, M8125=0; D8120 is set as the communication parameter, and D8121 is set as the slave station number. For example, set D8120=H6086, D8121=H1 (communication parameter is 9600/7/E/1, slave station number is 1).

# D8120 parameter setting:

b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9	b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0
----------------------------	----------------------------

Data length		
0:7位 1:8位		
Parity (b2, b1)		
00:None; 01:0de	d; 11:Even	
Stop bit		
0:1bit 1:2bit		
Baud rate (b7, b6,	b5, b4)	
(0100):600bps	(0101):1200bps	(0110):2400bps
(0111):4800bps	(1000):9600bps	(1001):19200bps
(1010):38400bps	(1011):57600bps	(1101):115200bps
	C - + 0	
	Seto	
Set 0		
Set 1		
Set 1		
Set 0		
	0:7位 1:8位 Parity (b2, b1) 00:None; 01:0de Stop bit 0:1bit 1:2bit Baud rate (b7, b6, (0100):600bps (0111):4800bps (1010):38400bps  Set 0 Set 1 Set 1 Set 1	0:7位 1:8位 Parity (b2, b1) 00:None; 01:0dd; 11:Even Stop bit 0:1bit 1:2bit Baud rate (b7, b6, b5, b4) (0100):600bps (0101):1200bps (0111):4800bps (1000):9600bps (1010):38400bps (1011):57600bps  Set 0 Set 1 Set 1 Set 1

Example of PLC as slave program:

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The touch screen sets the BD protocol master station, that is, it can communicate with the PLC.

#### 2.11.2.3. Free port protocol function and example

When used as Mitsubishi free port protocol: set M8196=1, M8125=0; the difference between Mitsubishi protocol 1 and protocol 4 is with end mark OA OD ( stored in D8124, D8125 separately)

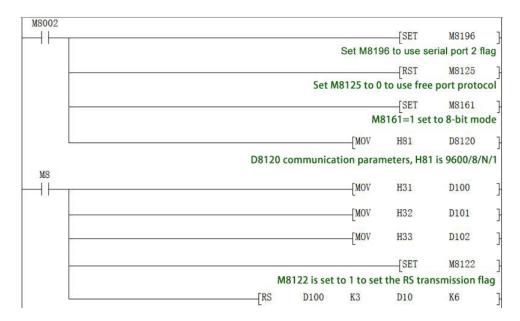
For Mitsubishi Freeport Protocol, RS instruction is supported, the D8120 only needs to set the value of the lower 8 bits.

b7 b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
-------	----	----	----	----	----	----

b0	Data length 0:7 bits 1:8bits
b1	Odd and Even (b2,b1)
b2	00: None 01: Odd 02: Even
b3	Stop bit
	0: 1 bit
	1: 2 bits
b4	BPS rate (b7,b6,b5,b4)
b5	(0100):600bps (0101):1200bps (0110):2400bps
b6	(0111):4800bps (1000):9600bps (1001):19200bps
b7	(1010):38400bps (1011):57600bps (1101):115200bps

Demo program:

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Use the serial port tool by serial port 2 to monitor the data obtained is [2019:11:01:10:49:16][receive]31 32 33

#### 2.11.2.4. Modbus RTU Protocol

When used as MOdbus RTU: set M8196=1,M8125=1; set D8120 as communication parameters, D8121 sets the station number of the slave. For example: D8120=HE081,D8121=H1(communications parameter as 9600/8/n/1,station number is 1)

**D8120 Parameter set** 

	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Data length					Б	4 - 1	_ 41									$\dot{\neg}$

	Data length
b0	0:7 bit
	1:8 bit
b1	Parity (b2,b1)
b2	00:None 01:Odd 11:Even
b3	Stop bit 0:1 bit 1:2 bit
b4	Baud rate (b7 b6 b5 b4)
b5	0100:600bps 0101:1200bps 0110:2400bps
b6	0111:4800bps 1000:9600bps 1001:19200bps
b7	1010:38400bps 1011:57600bps 1100:115200bps
b8	
b9	Set 0
b10	

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b11			
b12	RTU/ASCII Mode Selection 0:	RTU	1:ASCII
b13	Set 1		
b14	Set 1		
b15	Set 1		

# RD3A Program example (refer to 2.11.1.1):

# Slave program:

# Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                                  H0E081
                                                                                              D8120
                                                                        TMOV
 41
                                                                     set D8120 communication parameter
                                                                        -[MOV
                                                                                  ΚO
                                                                     Set D299=0, means using serial port2
                                                                        MOA
                                                                                  K10
                                                                                              D300
                                                                        Set D300 as read register numbers
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  K255
                                                                                              D8121
                                                    D8121 master-slave station number, set 255 when master
                                                                        -[MOV
                                                                                  K10
                                                                                              D8129
                                                                       Set RD3A communication timeout
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                  K20
                                                                                              D8126
                                                                           Set RD3A number of intervals
                                                                                  SET
                                                                        M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
                                                                                  -[SET
                                                                                              M8125
                                                                 M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
 M7
                                                             -[RD3A
                                                                                  K100
                                                                                              D300
                                                                        Set D300 as read register numbers
```

#### **Program explanation:**

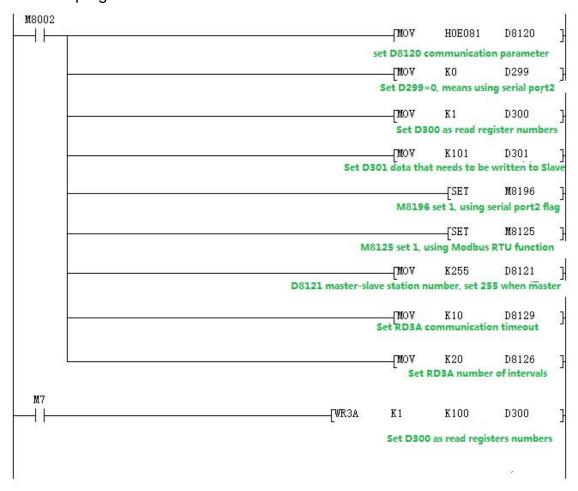
D300 saves the numbers of registers read, which means that 10 data is read.

When using serial port 2, D.-1, here D299 must be set to 0.

This program represents that 10 data of the registers D100-D109 in the PLC with the slave station 1 are read and stored in the registers D301-D310 of the master station PLC.

WR3A Program example (refer to 2.11.1.1):

Master program:



Slave program:

```
M8002

Set D8120 communication parameter

[MOV K1 D8121]

Set slave station number as 1

[SET M8196]

M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag

[SET M8125]

M8125 set 1, using Modbus Rtu function
```

# **Program explanation:**

This program represents that 1 data of the register D301 in the master PLC is written to the PLC in Slave 1, and is stored in the register D100 of the slave PLC.

#### 2.11.2.5. MODBUS RTU ADPRW command

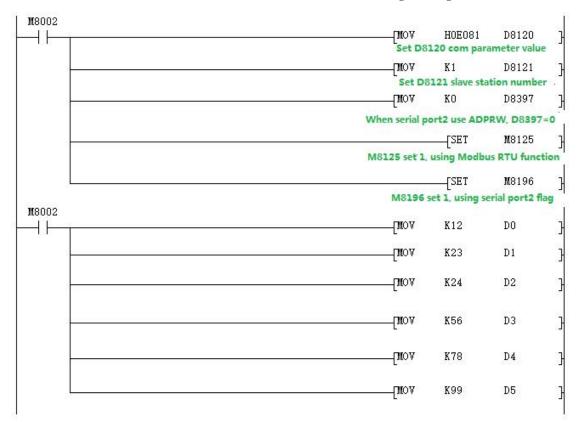
03 function code hold register output. (refer to 2.11.1.2):

Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                       -TMOV
                                                                                 H0E081
                                                                                             D8120
                                                                           Set D8120 com parameter value
                                                                                             M8125
                                                                  M8125 set 1, using Modbus RTU function
                                                                                 SET
                                                                                             M8196
                                                                     M8196 set 1, using serial port2 flag
                                                                       -LWOA
                                                                                 K0
                                                                                             D8397
                                                                   When serial port2 use ADPRW, D8397=0
 M9
           T10
                                        FADPRW
                                                            H3
                                                                      K0
                                                                                 K6
                                                                                            D0
           T10
                                                                                                K30
                                                                                            (T10
          M8029
                                                                                 RST
                                                                                             M9
```

Slave program:

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Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 2 for below data:

[2017:11:01:17:48:54][receive]01 03 00 00 00 06 C5 C8

[2017:11:01:17:48:54][receive]01 03 0C 00 0C 00 17 00 22 00 38 00 4E 00

63 C4 29

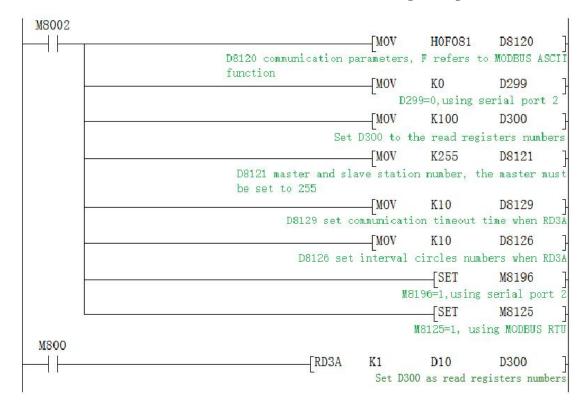
#### 2.11.2.6. Modbus ASCII Protocol

When used as Modbus ASCII protocol, specific parameter setting pls refer 2.11.2.3, Only the 12th bit of D8120 is set differently, checking D8120 parameter setting in section 2.11.2.3.

Note: In modbus ASCII protocol, ADPRW command is not supported.

Program example

Master program:



### Slave program:

```
M8002
                               D8120 communication parameters, F refers to MODBUS ASCII
                               function
                                                      MOV
                                                                K1
                                                                           D8121
                                                     M8121=1, slave station number is 1
                                                                           M8196
                                                                SET
                                                           M8196=1, using serial port 2
                                                                SET
                                                                           M8125
                                                             M8125=1, using MODBUS RTU
M8000
                                                      MOV
                                                                K35
                                                                           D100
                                                       MOV
                                                                K36
                                                                           D101
                                                      MOV
                                                                K37
                                                                           D102
```

Data of the Master D300~D303 before and after the program execution is showed as below.

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Soft components	+FEDC	+B A 9 8	+7 6 5 4	+3 2 1 0	
D300	0000	0000	0000	0011	3
D301	0000	0000	0000	0000	0
D302	0000	0000	0000	0000	0
D303	D300 B301	0 0 0 0 0	o o o o fore the	0000 master Mi	turns on.
MOIII COI	D300 D301	da da De	TOLE CIT	J MEGE COL ME	oddin on
Soft components	+F E D C	+B A 9 8	+7654	+3 2 1 0	
Soft components		aa sa Be			3
Soft components	+ <b>F</b> E D C	+B A 9 8	+7654	+3 2 1 0	
Soft components D300 D301	+F E D C	+B A 9 8	+7 6 5 4 0 0 0 0	+3 2 1 0 0 0 1 1	3
	+F E D C	+B A 9 8	+7 6 5 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	+3 2 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	3 35

# 2.11.3. Serial port 3:RS485 (A1 B1)/RS232

Support Mitsubishi programming port protocol,RS2 protocol and MODBUS protocol.

The special relays and registers related to this serial port are as below.

Functions	Serial port 2(A/B)	Serial port 3(A1/B1)	Remark
Mitsubishi programming port	M8196=0	M8192=0	26232 or higher version: power lost can not be retentive
Freeport protocol function	M8196=1 M8125=0	M8192=1	
RS/RS2 sending mark	M8122=1	M8402=1	
RS/RS2 sending completion mark	-	-	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving completion mark	M8123	M8403	Need to reset manually
RS/RS2 receiving process mark	M8124	M8404	Data is receiving
RS/RS2 command 8/16 bits differentiation mark	M8161	M8161	
RS2 command end operation settings	-	1	
MODBUS function	M8196=1 M8125=1	M8192=1	
RD3A/WR3A Receive correct mark	M8128	M8408	Automatic reset
RD3A\WR3A communication over-time mark	M8129	M8409	Automatic reset
ADPRW command	M8029	M8029	Command execution end

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completion mark			mark
Communication parameters	D8120	D8400	
Communication mode	-	D8401	
Master-slave station number	D8121	D8414	D8434:CAN slave station Number D8440\D8442 multi-device mode ID Number
RD3A/WR3A overtime	D8129	D8409	Unit: ms (detailed setting,refer to explanation)
RD3A/WR3A interval period	D8126	D8406	26232 or higher version
RD3A/WR3A end operation -1	0	1	
ADPRW command settings	D8397=0	D8397=1	26232 or higher version

M8192: the activation flag of using programming port protocol and other protocol

M8402: Send flag (use when RS2 instruction).

M8403: Communication completion flag (communication completion flag when using RS instruction, needs to be reset by hand).

M8404: Data is receiving.

M8408: Communication completion mark (Valid while using ADPRW command and needs manual reset).

M8409: Communication time out.

M8029: Communication completion mark (communication completion mark while using ADPRW instruction and needs manual reset).

M8161: 8-bit/16-bit mode distinguishing mark for RS/RS2 command.

D8400: Save the communication parameters of the Modbus RTU protocol D8401:Save the communication mode of serial port 3.

D8401=H0 represents the RS2 free communication mode.

When Modbus RTU: D8401=H11 represents PLC as Slave. D8401=H1 represents PLC as Master.

When Modbus ASCII: D8401=H111represents PLC as Slave; D8401=H101represents PLC as Master.

D8406: Interval period. Default as 12 times.

D8409: overtime time. (The unit is milliseconds, it is recommended to set: when the communication rate is greater than or equal to 9600, D8409 is set to 10~20; when the communication rate is set to less than 9600, D8409 is set to 20~50;)

D8414: Save the master or slave station number (The value mast be set as max K255 as master).

D8126: When using the serial port 3 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8126 to 1.

D8397: When using the serial port 3 in the ADPRW instruction, set D8397 to 1.

Support RS2,WR3A,RD3A,ADPRW instructions,Can be set in parameter zone, correspond to serial port 3. Parameter zone settings are valid only for this channel. Invalid for serial port 2.

#### **D8400 Parameter set**

b0	Data length 0:7 bit 1:8 bit
b1 b2	Parity (b2,b1) 00:None 01:Odd 11:Even
b3	Stop bit 0:1 bit 1:2 bit
b4 b5 b6 b7	Baud rate (b7 b6 b5 b4) 0100:600bps 0101:1200bps 0110:2400bps 0111:4800bps 1000:9600bps 1001:19200bps
b8~b15	Unavailable, Set 0

#### **D8401 Parameter set**

	Select protocol
b0	0: Other communication protocol
	1: MODBUS protocol
b1~b3	Unavailable, Set 0
1. 4	Master/Slave setting
b4	0: MODBUS Master 1: MODBUS Slave
b5~b7	Unavailable, Set 0

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b8	RTU/ASCII Mode selection	0:RTU	1:ASCII
b9~b15	Unavailable, Set 0		

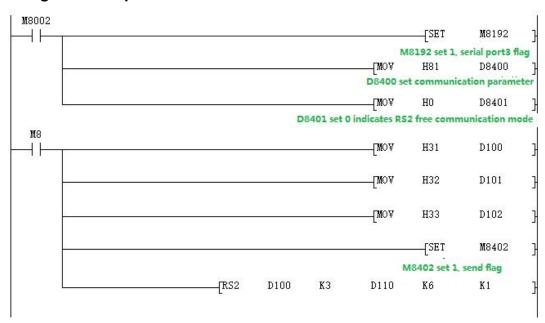
#### 2.11.3.1. Mitsubishi programming protocol

When using as mitsubishi programming port protocol: set M8192=0.

#### 2.11.3.2. Free port protocol

When using as mitsubishi free port protocol: set M8192=1, M8402=1;

#### **Program example:**



Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for data:

#### [2017:11:01:11:49:16][receive]31 32 33

Last parameter of RS2 instruction =1: Serial port 3.

#### 2.11.3.3. Modbus RTU protocol RD3A/WR3A command

Used as MOdbus RTU: set M8192=1; set D8400 as communication parameters, set D8414 s as master slave station no.

For example: D8400=H81, D414=K1 (communications parameter as 9600/8/n/1,slave station number is 1)

#### **RD3A Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.1):**

#### Master program:

```
M8002
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 H81
                                                                                             D8400
                                                                     D8400 set communication parameter
                                                                       MOV
                                                                                 H1
                                                                                            D8401
                                                                           D8401=1, PLC as master
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 K255
                                                                                             D8414
                                                                             When master, D8414=255
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 K10
                                                                                             D8409
                                                                                 D8409 time out
                                                                       LMOA
                                                                                 K20
                                                                                             D8406
                                                                            Set RD3A numbers of interval
                                                                       -TMOV
                                                                                            D299
                                                                                 K1
                                                                        Set D299=1, using serial port3
                                                                       TMOV
                                                                                 K10
                                                                      Set D300 as read registers numbers
                                                                                 SET
                                                                                             M8192
                                                                          Set M8192=1, using serial port3
 M7
                                                            -[RD3A
                                                                                 K100
                                                                                            D300
                                                                        Set D300 as read registers numbers
```

#### Slave program:

```
M8002
                                                                        TMOV
                                                                                 H81
                                                                                             D8400
                                                                     Set D8400 communication parameter
                                                                        MOM
                                                                                 H11
                                                                                             D8401
                                                                            D8401, Set PLC as slave
                                                                        MOV
                                                                                 K1
                                                                                             D8414
                                                                          D8414 set slave station number
                                                                                  SET
                                                                                             M8192
                                                                         M8192 set 1, using serial port3 flag
```

Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

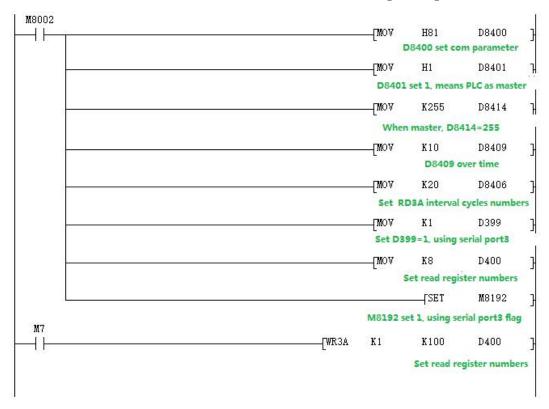
[2017:11:01:09:00:11][receive]01 03 00 64 00 0A 84 12

[2017:11:01:09:00:11][receive]01 03 14 00 42 00 4D 00 58 00 58 00 63 00

37 00 2C 00 21 00 16 00 0B 9F C7

WR3A Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.1):

Master program



#### Slave program

```
M8002
 4 1
                                                                         MOA
                                                                                    H81
                                                                                                D8400
                                                                                 D8400 set com parameter
                                                                         -TMOV
                                                                                                D8401
                                                                                   H11
                                                                                   D8401 set PLC as slave
                                                                         TMOV.
                                                                                                D8414
                                                                        D8414 set slave station number
                                                                                    SET
                                                                                                M8192
                                                                           M8192 set 1, using serial port3 flag
```

Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

[2017:11:01:09:25:20][receive]01 10 00 64 00 08 10 00 0B 00 16 00 21 00

2C 00 37 00 42 00 4D 00 58 D1 6C

[2017:11:01:09:25:20][receive]01 10 00 64 00 08 10 00 0B 00 16 00 21 00

2C 00 37 00 42 00 4D 00 58 D1 6C

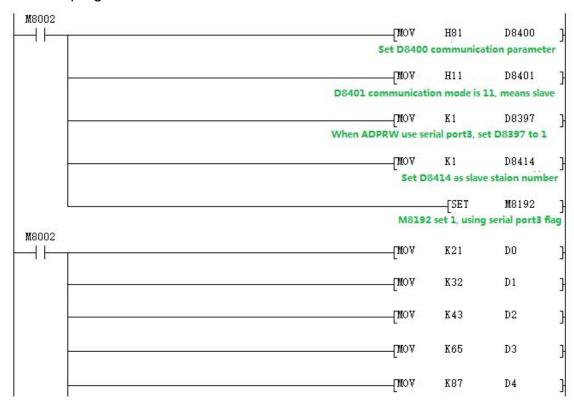
#### 2.11.3.4. MODBUS RTU ADPRW Command

04 register input readout. Program Example (Refer to 2.11.1.2):

# Master program

```
M8002
                                                                         TMOV
                                                                                    H81
                                                                                                D8400
                                                                     Set D8400 communication parameter
                                                                         TMOV
                                                                                    H1
                                                                                                D8401
                                                             D8401 Communication mode is 1, means master
                                                                       SET M8192
M8192 set 1, using serial port3 flag
                                                                         MOV
                                                                                                D8397
                                                                                    K1
                                                               When ADPRW use serial port3, set D8397 to 1
            T10
                                                              H4
                                                                         KO
                                                                                   K6
                                                                                                D100
            T10
                                                                                                    K30
                                                                                               (T10
          M8029
                                                                                    RST
                                                                                                M9
```

#### Slave program



Use the serial port tool to monitor serial port 3 for below data:

[2017:11:01:17:38:34][receive]01 04 00 00 00 06 70 08

[2017:11:01:17:38:34][receive]01 04 0C 00 15 00 20 00 2B 00 41 00 57 00

00 5F A7

#### 2.11.3.5. Modbus ASCII Function

When used as Modbus ASCII protocol, specific parameter setting please refer to 2.11.3, Only the 8th bit of D8401 is set differently, checking D8120 parameter setting in section 2.11.3.

Note: In modbus ASCII protocol, ADPRW command is not supported.

Program example

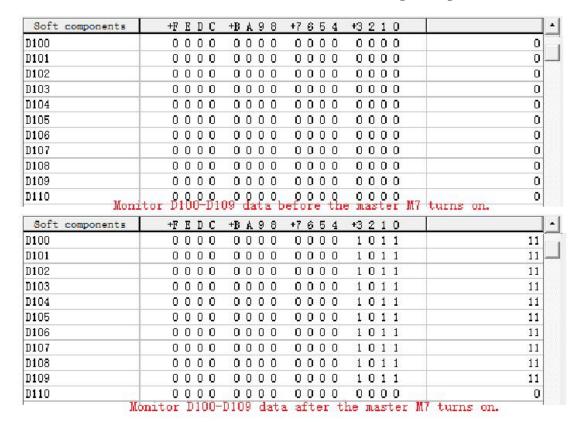
Master program:

```
M8002
                                                           MOV
                                                                    H81
                                                                               D8400
 D8400 set communication parameter, 9600/8/n/1
                                                           MOV
                                                                    H101
                                                                               D8401
                                                                 D8401=101, PLC as master
                                                           MOV
                                                                    K255
                                                                               D8414
                                                     When as master, needs to set D8414=255
                                                           -[MOV
                                                                               D8409
                                                                    K10
                                                                            D8409 timeout
                                                           MOV
                                                                               D8406
                                                                    K10
                                                                   Set WR3A interval cycles
                                                           MOV
                                                                               D399
                                                                    K1
                                                            Set D399=1 ,using serial port
                                                           MOV
                                                                    K10
                                                                               D400
                                                           Set the number of registers read
                                                                               M8192
                                                                     SET
                                                              M8192=1 , using serial port 3
 M7
                                                 WR3A
                                                                    K200
                                                                               D400
```

# Slave program:

Data of the Slave D100~D109 before and after the program execution is showed as below:

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#### 2.11.4. Network N:N communication

#### 2.11.4.1. Related device content

#### 1. N:N network setting device

Soft element	name	content	Set value		
		Set the flag for communication parameters.			
M8038	Daramatar satting	It can also be used as a flag to confirm the presence of			
10036	Parameter setting	N:N network programs.			
		Do not turn ON in the sequence program.			
	Corresponding	N:N network setting station number when using.The			
D8176	station number	master station is set to 0, and the slave station is set to 1	0~15		
	setting	to 15. [Initial value: 0]			
	Slave total number	Set the total number of slave stations.			
D8177		No setting is required in the PLC of the slave station.	1~15		
	setting	[Initial value: 7]			
		Select the mode of the number of device points to			
D0170	Refresh	communicate with each other.			
D8178	Range setting	No setting is required in the PLC of the slave station.			
		[Initial value: 0]			

D8394	Serial channel selection	=2: Serial port 2 =3: Serial port 3	2~3

# 2. Components for judging N:N network errors

M8184~M8190, M8496~M8503: The data transmission sequence error flag of the slave station.

When a data transmission sequence error occurs in each slave station, the corresponding flag bit turns ON.

Station No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Relay	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
	8184	8185	8186	8187	8188	8189	8190	8496	8497	8498	8499	8500	8501	8502	8503

#### 3. Link device

It is a device for sending and receiving information between programmable controllers. The device number and the number of points used differ depending on the station number set in the corresponding station number setting and the mode set in the refresh range setting.

# 1) Mode 0 (D8178=0):

Station No	Station 0	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Station 4	Station 5	Station 6	Station 7
Word device (4	D0 D2	D10~	D20~	D30~	D40~	D50~	D60~	D70~
points each)	D0~D3	D13	D23	D33	D43	D53	D63	D73
Station No	Station							
Station No	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Word device (4	D80~	D90~	D100~	D110~	D120~	D130~	D140~	D150~
points each)	D83	D93	D103	D113	D123	D133	D143	D153

# 2) Mode 1 (D8178=1):

Station No	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station
Station No	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Bit device (32	M1000~	M1064~	M1128~	M1192~	M1256~	M1320~	M1384~	M1448~
points each)	M1031	M1095	M1159	M1223	M1287	M1351	M1415	M1479
Word device (4 points each)	D0~D3	D10~ D13	D20~ D23	D30~ D33	D40~ D43	D50~ D53	D60~ D63	D70~ D73

Station No	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station	Station
Station No	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Bit device (32	M1512~	M1576~	M1640~	M1704~	M1768~	M1832~	M1896~	M1960~
points each)	M1543	M1607	M1671	M1735	M1799	M1863	M1927	M1991
Word device (4 points each))	D80~ D83	D90~ D93	D100~ D103	D110~ D113	D120~ D123	D130~ D133	D140~ D143	D150~ D153

# 3) Mode 2 (D8178=2):

Station No	Station 0	Station 1	Station 2	Station 3	Station 4	Station 5	Station 6	Station 7
Bit device (64 points each)	M1000~ M1063	M1064~ M1127	M1128~ M1191	M1192~ M1255	M1256~ M1319	M1320~ M1383	M1384~ M1447	M1448~ M1511
Word device (8 points each)	D0~D7	D10~ D17	D20~ D27	D30~ D37	D40~ D47	D50~ D57	D60~ D67	D70~ D77
Station No	Station 8	Station 9	Station 10	Station 11	Station 12	Station 13	Station 14	Station 15
Bit device (64 points each)	M1512~ M1575	M1576~ M1639	M1640~ M1703	M1704~ M1767	M1768~ M1831	M1832~ M1895	M1896~ M1959	M1960~ M2023
Word device (8 points each)	D80~ D87	D90~ D97	D100~ D107	D110~ D117	D120~ D127	D130~ D137	D140~ D147	D150~ D157

# 2.11.4.2. Program setting and description

The program settings are as shown below. It is recommended to set the timeout wait register D8129/D8409/D8429 above 12. It is only necessary to set the corresponding special register to achieve the data sharing of the corresponding interval register and auxiliary relay. Channel M8184~M8190 and the rear 8 channels M8496~M8503, you can check the status of each slave, if there is no connection, turn ON

# 1. Serial port 2

# Master program:

```
*<Serial port selection, D8394=2 is serial port 2>
M8002
                                                  MOV
                                                             K2
                                                                        D8394
                                                                 *<Host, fixed to 0>
                                                  MOV
                                                             K0
                                                                        D8176
M8038
                                                               *<Number of slaves>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8177
                                                                 *<Mode selection>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8178
                                           *<Host communication timeout time: ms>
                                                  MOV
                                                                        D8129
                                                             K35
```

### Slave program:

# 2. Serial port 3

Such as serial port 2, only need the master and slave program to set D8394=3

#### 3. **HMI**

#### 3.1. How to install TPWorks software

(Please go to the official website : <u>WWW.COOLMAY.COM</u> to download the latest version)

This chapter will detaily introduce the installation process of TPWorks software.

Hardware requirements

The basic hardware requirements for installing TPWorks editing software are as follows:

- 1. Personal computer host: It is recommended to use a CPU of 80486 or higher.
- 2. Memory: It is recommended to use more than 128MB RAM to expand the memory.
  - 3. Hard disk: The hard disk must have more than 100MB of space.
  - 4. Display: General VGA or SVGA display card.
  - 5. Mouse: Use a Windows compatible mouse.
  - 6. Printer: Use a Windows compatible printer.

Before you install it, please check whether the computer hardware is as above or higher. In order to avoid problems with hardware incompatibility, please use the recommended specifications as much as possible. If you have any questions, please contact our customer service.

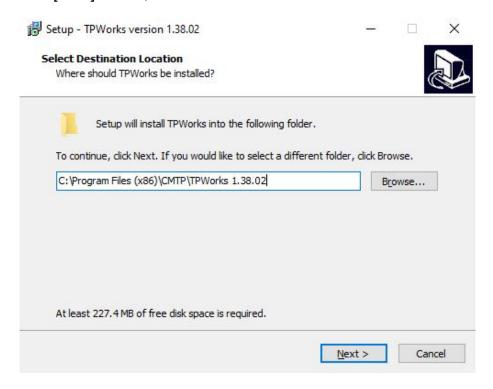
Software source

You can enter our company's website <u>WWW.COOLMAY.COM</u> to obtain the latest version of the software.

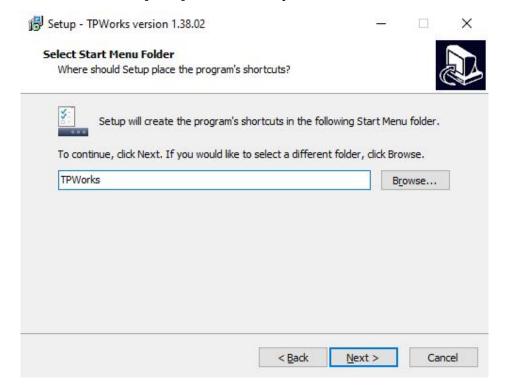
Installation steps (take the simplified Chinese version of TPWorks as an example), note that "TPWorks \*\*\*" software version is subject to the official website.

Select TPWorks 13802.exe in the installer window to start the installer and start the installation;

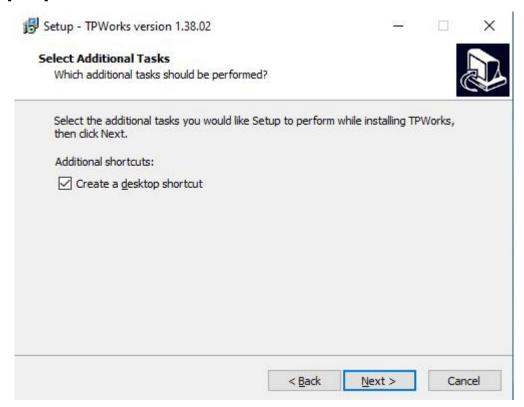
•Set the storage path of the installation file, select the default, or enter the address, or click the [Browse ...] button to select the address, and then click the [Next] button;



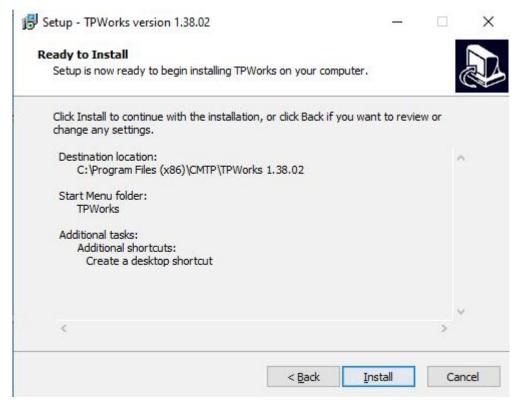
•Set the name of the saved folder. It is recommended to select the default and click the [Next] button directly.



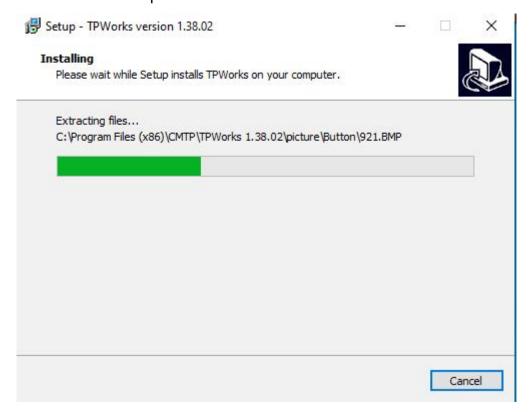
Choose whether to create a desktop shortcut icon, and then click the [Next] button.



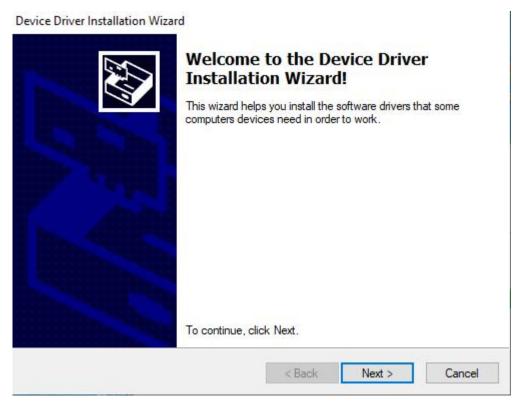
•Confirm the installation path and other installation information, and then click the [Install] button to install.



•The installation process is shown below:



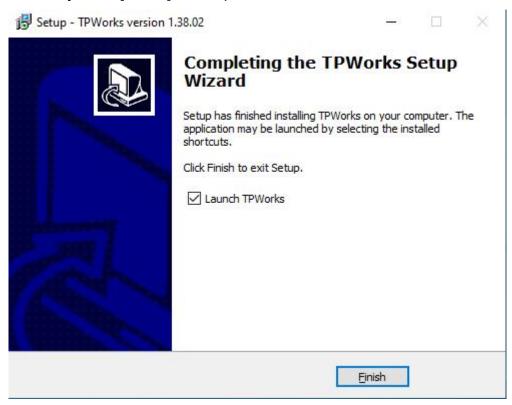
Click [Next] to install the driver wizard



•The driver installation is completed



•Finally, click [Finish] to complete the installation.



# 3.2. How to open the TPWorks software

After the installation of TPWorks software is completed, a shortcut will be

placed on the desktop . At the same time, the corresponding mView program group has been added to the Windows start menu:



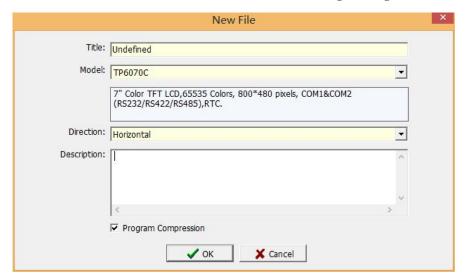
Choose either of the above two methods to open the mView programming software, and the startup window will pop up when the application is opened, as shown in the figure below. After the software is opened, it will follow the menu bar [View] -> [Auxiliary Settings] -> [File]->Program automatically opens the check box of the old project, to determine whether to start the last project file when the software is opened, or not to open any file.



# 3.3. New HMI File

To create a new project, you can directly click [New File] under [File] menu, Or click the icon in the toolbar, Or use the hot key Ctrl + N set by the system. The dialog box shown below is displayed:

MX3G PLC HMI All in one Programming manual

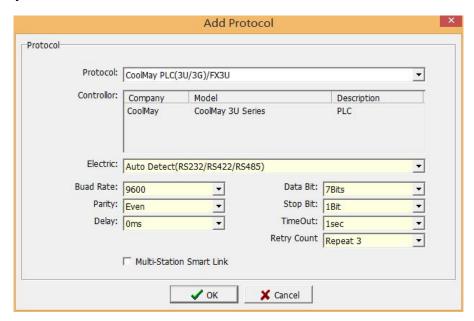


Project Title: Enter the name of the new project;

Model Number: Select the model of the human machine interface (HMI); (MX3G-43C selects model TP6043C; MX3G-70C selects model TP6070C) Display Direction: Select whether the editing screen is displayed horizontally or vertically;

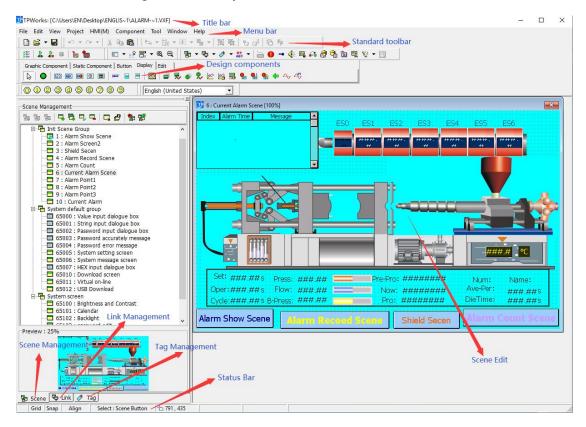
Project help: Enter a help description for the newly created project, or you can choose not to enter it.

After completing the project-related information input, click the [OK] button to enter the communication information setting dialog box, as shown below,For specific settings, please refer to Chapter 2.4.2 Communication Management of "Coolmay TP Series HMI User Manual".



# 3.4. TPWorks Program simulation

TPWorks editing interface layout:



- •Title bar: Displays the currently opened project path and file name, window number, and window name.
- Menu bar: A menu that displays various commands of CoolMayView.
   These menus are all pull-down menus.
- •Standard toolbar: Shortcut buttons for placing some commands. Corresponding buttons and editing tools for displaying files, editing, printing and other functions.
  - Design components: Command buttons for component objects.
- •Screen management: The management window of the screen used by the project.
- •Communication management: The project designer manages and sets the window for communication with PLC or other serial devices.
  - •Label management: Set labels for system variables and external

variables to facilitate users to quickly find the corresponding variables.

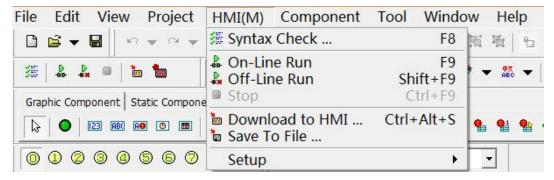
•Status bar: Display the current operating status, human-machine interface parameters, and communication equipment.

# 4. HMI program simulation and download

# 4.1. Program simulation

TPWorks provides the function of simulating directly on the PC. You can use this function to simulate the actions performed on the HMI after planning HMI. On the one hand, it increases the convenience of finding program errors, and on the other hand, it can save downloading to the time HMI can connect to the controller. The simulation function of TPWorks is divided into two types:

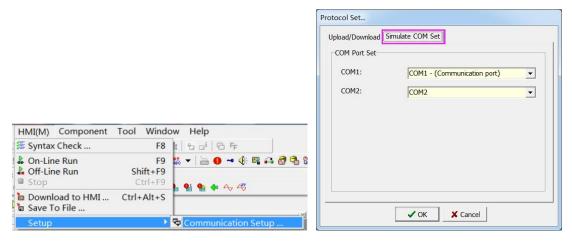
[On-Line Run] and [Off-Line Run], as shown in the figure below.



#### **On-Line Run** 4.1.1.

This function needs to be connected to the controller, and the program will modify the corresponding contacts and registers set by the controller during execution. It can be used to verify whether the planned program can normally act on the controller.

Before [On-Line Run], you need to set up the communication, as shown in the figure below:



Among them, COM1 and COM2 on the left of [Communication Setup] refer

to the communication ports on HMI, and the setting on the right is the set of communication ports designated by the user on the PC side to simulate the sex-corresponding communication ports of HMI side ,As shown below:

### 4.1.2. Off-Line Run

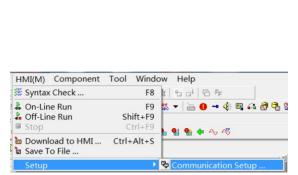
This function does not need to be actually connected to the controller, it can be used to test the normal operation of the program and the verification of various functions.

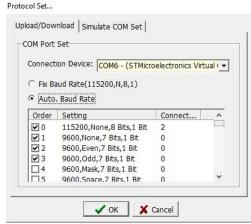
# 4.2. Program download and update O.S. version

After using the PC to simulate and verify that the program is correct, you can start downloading to the HMI and directly use HMI to connect to the controller.

### 4.2.1. Download to HMI

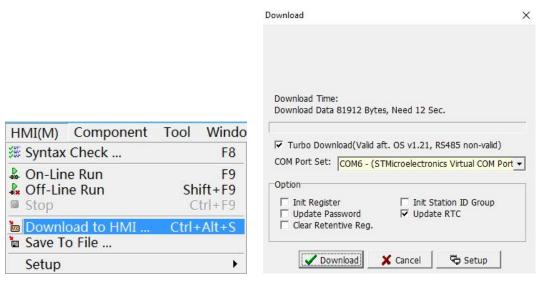
Before downloading the program to HMI, you need to make communication settings first, please select [HMI]→[Setup]→[Communication Setup], as shown in the figure below:





Specify the communication port of the PC in the [Upload/Download] of the communication setting window, that is, the port where the download cable is connected to the PC. For example, COM24, you can select [Use fixed communication rate] in conjunction with HMI [download screen], or let the PC automatically try to download at different rates.

Then select [HMI] → [Download to HMI], and then start to download the HMI program to the HMI, as shown below:

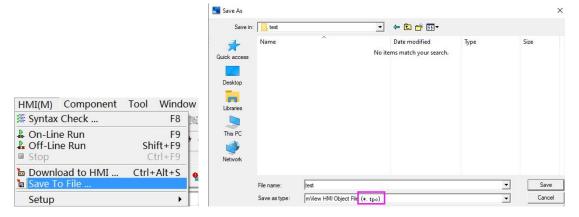


# 4.2.2. Save as HMI program

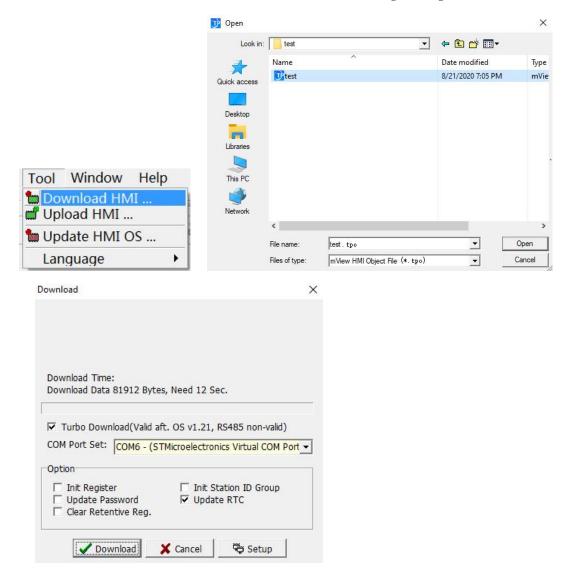
In addition to downloading the planned program directly to the HMI,

TPWorks also provides the user to save the planned program as a specific file (\*.tpo) for later download and use. Note that this file is only for download and use, and can no longer modify its content.

Select [HMI]→[Save To File...], save the project as a special HMI file of type tpo., as shown in the figure below:



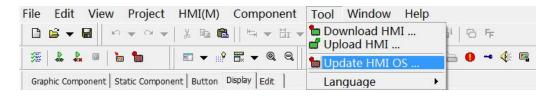
If you need to download this program to the HMI later, select [Tools]→
[Download HMI Program], as shown in the figure below, you can download this program to HMI.



### 4.2.3. Update HMI OS

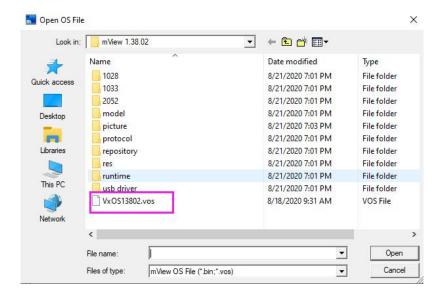
Generally speaking, when the new version of mView software is updated, it will be matched with the corresponding version of the OS. This OS supports the old version of the planning software downwards, but if the user wants to use the functions provided by the new version of the planning software, the new version must be matched OS and HMI OS are updated as follows.

Step 1: Select [Tools]→[Update HMI OS].

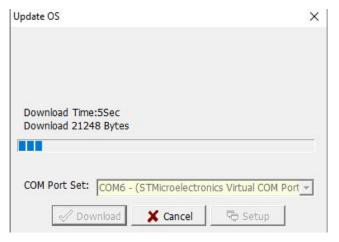


Step 2: Select the OS version to be updated (it is recommended to update

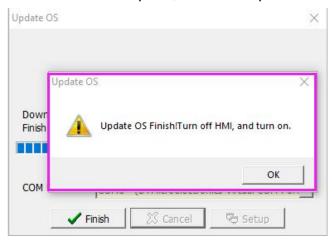
with the planning software version used).



Step 3: Start downloading. (Note: During the OS download process, the HMI must can not be powered off!)



Step 4: After the download is complete, restart the power of the HMI.

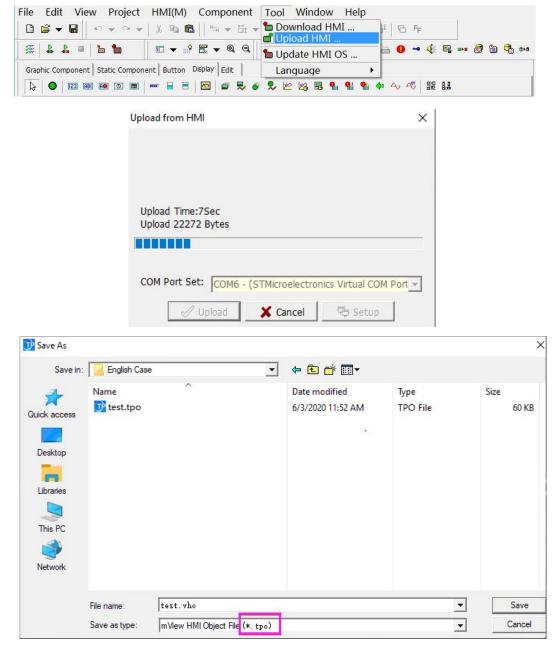


# 4.3. Program upload

Use this function to upload the program in the man-machine back to the PC and save it as an HMI program for later downloading or editing by the user.

# 4.3.1. Upload HMI program

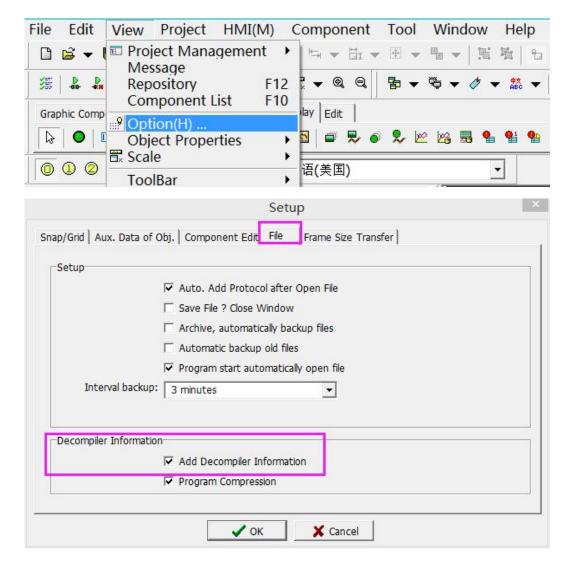
Select [Tool]→[Upload HMI Program] to upload the program from the HMI back to the PC. After the transfer is complete, the user will be asked to save the file as a dedicated file named tpo, as shown in the figure below:



To make the uploaded program editable, you must add the decompiled

information before downloading the program, otherwise the uploaded program can only be used for downloading, and the user cannot edit it.

Select [View]→[Option(H)]→[File], and tick [Add Decompiled Information].
As shown below:



# 4.4. For detailed usage of the HMI software, please refer to

"TP Series HMI User Manual"

# 5. Appendix: Version Change Record

Date	Changed version	Changed content
Nov. 2021	V21.111	◆ First edition released
Dec. 2021	V21.121	◆ 2.1 Soft element table, data register changed
Jan. 2022	V22.11	◆ 2.11.2.2 Mitsubishi BD Protocol Added
Apr. 2022	V22.41	◆ 2.10.1 High-speed pulse outputchange of
		special register used by pulse
Sep. 2022	V22.91	◆ Delete the FX3U instructions not supported in
		the 2.5 function instructions